
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

	WASHINGTON, I	7.0. 20349
	Form 1	0-Q
[X]	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION	1 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended March	1 31, 2005
	Or	
[_]	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION	ON 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES
	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from	
	Commission File	
	PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENT (Exact name of registrant as	
	Delaware	58-1954497
C	(State or other jurisdiction f incorporation or organization)	(IRS Employer Identification Number)
	0 N.W. 67th Place, Gainesville, FL	32653
(Addr	ess of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)
	(352) 373	
	(Registrant's tel	ephone number)
	N/Z	1
	(Former name, former address	and former fiscal year.
	if changed since	
to be the p requi		as been subject to such filing
	ate by checkmark whether the registrate le 12b-2 of the Act). Yes [X] No [_]	ant is an accelerated filer (as defined
	ate the number of shares outstanding on Stock, as of the close of the lates	g of each of the issuer's classes of the practical date.
	on Stock, \$.001 Par Value	Outstanding at May 5, 2005 41,805,267 (excluding 988,000 shares held as treasury stock)
=====		
	PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENT	CAL SERVICES, INC.
	INDE	ZX
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PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PART I, ITEM 1

The consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by the Company (which may be referred to as we, us or our), without an audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the Company believes the disclosures which are made are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. Further, the consolidated financial statements reflect, in the opinion of management, all adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the financial position and results of operations as of and for the periods indicated.

It is suggested that these consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December $31,\ 2004$.

The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2005, are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2005.

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PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

(Amounts in Thousands, Except for Share Amounts)	(Unaudited)	
<\$>		<c></c>
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash	\$ 78	\$ 215
Restricted cash	60	60
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful		
accounts of \$481 and \$570	27,411	27,192
Inventories	1,184	882
Prepaid expenses	2,800	2,891
Other receivables	51	45
Current assets of discontinued operations, net of allowance for		
doubtful accounts of \$119 and \$125	1,585	1,609
Total current assets	33,169	32,894
Property and equipment:		
Buildings and land	18,337	18,313
Equipment	30,441	30,281
Vehicles	4,310	4,187
Leasehold improvements	11,489	11,514
Office furniture and equipment	2,435	2,396
Construction-in-progress	2,291	1,852
	69,303	68,543
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(22,476)	(21,282)
Net property and equipment	46,827	47,261
Property of discontinued operations	600	600
Intangibles and other assets:		
Permits	12,978	12,895
Goodwill	1,330	1,330
Finite Risk Sinking Fund	3,216	2,225
Other assets	3,063	3,250
Total assets	\$ 101,183	\$ 100,455

 ======= | ====== |The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated $$\operatorname{\sc financial}$$ statements.

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PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS, CONTINUED

(Amounts in Thousands, Except for Share Amounts)	2005 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2004
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 7,355	\$ 6,529
Current environmental accrual	630	721
Accrued expenses	11,392	12,100
Unearned revenue	4,715	5,115
Current liabilities of discontinued operations	2,371	2,550
Current portion of long-term debt	6,361	6,376
Total current liabilities	32,824	33,391
Environmental accruals	2,113	2,141
Accrued closure costs	5,095	5,062
Other long-term liabilities	2,033	1,944
Long-term liabilities of discontinued operations	1,804	1,804
Long-term debt, less current portion	13,876	12,580
Total long-term liabilities	24,921	23,531
Total liabilities	57,745	56,922
Commitments and Contingencies (see Notes 4 and 6)		
Preferred Stock of subsidiary, \$1.00 par value; 1,467,396 shares authorized, 1,284,730 shares issued and outstanding, liquidation value \$1.00 per share	1,285	1,285
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred Stock, \$.001 par value; 2,000,000 shares authorized, 2,500 shares issued and outstanding Common Stock, \$.001 par value; 75,000,000 shares authorized,		
42,793,267 and 42,749,117 shares issued, including 988,000 shares held		
as treasury stock, respectively	43	43
Additional paid-in capital	80,958	80,902
Accumulated deficit	(36,962)	(36,794)
Interest rate swap	(24)	(41)
	44,015	44,110
Less: Common Stock in treasury at cost; 988,000 shares	(1,862)	(1,862)
Total stockholders' equity	42,153	42,248
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 101,183 ======	\$ 100,455

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

<caption></caption>	Three Months Ended March 31,			
(Amounts in Thousands, Except for Per Share Amounts)	2005	2004		
<s> Net revenues</s>	<c> \$ 21,608</c>	<c></c>		
Cost of goods sold		12,961		
Gross profit	5,501	3,850		
Selling, general and administrative expenses Gain on disposal of fixed assets	4,919 	4,338 (17)		
Income (loss) from operations		(471)		
Other income (expense):				
Interest income Interest expense Interest expense-financing fees Other		1 (665) (256) (54)		
Income (loss) from continuing operations	46	(1,445)		
Loss from discontinued operations	(167)	(553)		
Net loss		(1,998)		
Preferred Stock dividends	(47)	(47)		

Net loss applicable to Common Stock	\$	(168)	\$	(2,045)
••	===	=====	==:	
Net loss per common share - basic				
Continuing operations	\$		\$	(.04)
Discontinued operations				(.02)
Net loss per common share	\$		\$	(.06)
	===	=====	===	
Net loss per common share - diluted			_	
Continuing operations	Ş			(.04)
Discontinued operations				(.02)
Net loss per common share	s			(.06)
Net 1055 per common snare	т.			(.00)
Number of shares and potential common shares used in net loss per common share:				
Basic	4	41,778		37 040
24020		=====		======
Diluted	4	44,539		37,040
	===	=====	==:	=====

 | | | || | | | | |
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated $\label{eq:consolidated} \text{financial statements.}$

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PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

<caption></caption>	Three Months Ended March 31,				
(Amounts in Thousands)	2005	2004			
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>			
Cash flows from operating activities					
Net loss	\$ (121)	\$ (1,998)			
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash provided by					
(used in) operations:	1 005	1 000			
Depreciation and amortization	1,205	1,080			
Debt discount amortization Provision for bad debt and other reserves		81 24			
	(85) 	(17)			
Gain on sale of plant, property and equipment		(1/)			
Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable	(125)	3,043			
Prepaid expenses, inventories and other assets	(135) (537)	5,043			
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, and unearned revenue	112	336			
Discontinued operations	(155)	1			
Disconcinued operations	(155)				
Net cash provided by operations	284	2,612			
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchases of property and equipment, net	(478)	(1,092)			
Proceeds from sale of plant, property and equipment		19			
Change in restricted cash, net	(1)				
Change in finite risk sinking fund	(991)	(991)			
Discontinued operations		19			
Funds used for acquisitions (net of cash acquired)		(2,903)			
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,470)	(4,948)			
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Net borrowings (repayments) of revolving credit	1,484	(7,800)			
Principal repayments of long-term debt	(483)	(517)			
Proceeds from issuance of stock	48	10,759			
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,049	2,442			
	44.05)				
Increase (decrease) in cash	(137)	106			
Cash at beginning of period	215	411			
Cash at end of period	\$ 78 ======	\$ 517 =====			
Supplemental disclosure					
Tobassack and d	. 220	ć F00			
Interest paid Non-cash investing and financing activities:	\$ 239	ş 509			
Issuance of Common Stock for services	8	10			
Issuance of Common Stock for services Issuance of Common Stock for payment of dividends	8	63			
Gain on interest rate swap	17	12			
Long-term debt incurred for purchase of property and equipment	281	12			
/TABLE>	201				
\/ IIDDD/					

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited, for the three months ended March 31, 2005)

<TABLE>

(Amounts in thousands, except for share amounts)	Preferred Shares	Amount	Shares		Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Rate Swap
<s> Balance at December 31, 2004</s>	<c> 2,500</c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c> (36,794)</c>	<c></c>
Comprehensive loss:							
Net loss Other Comprehensive income:						(121)	
Gain on interest rate swap							17
Comprehensive loss Preferred Stock dividends						(47)	
Issuance of Common Stock for cash and services			31,287		56		
Issuance of Common Stock upon cashless exercise of Warrants			12,863				
Balance at March 31, 2005	2,500	\$ =======	42,793,267	\$ 43	\$ 80,958	\$ (36,962)	\$ (24) ======
<caption> (Amounts in thousands, except for share amounts)</caption>	Common Stock Held In Treasury	Stockholders Equity					
<s> Balance at December 31, 2004</s>	<c> \$ (1,862)</c>	<c></c>					
Comprehensive loss:							
Net loss Other Comprehensive income:		(121)					
Gain on interest rate swap		17					
Comprehensive loss Preferred Stock dividends Issuance of Common Stock for cash		(104) (47)					
and services Issuance of Common Stock upon cashless exercise of Warrants		56					
Balance at March 31, 2005	\$ (1,862)	\$ 42,153					

 ======= | ======= | | | | | |The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated $$\operatorname{\sc financial}$$ statements.

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PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005 (Unaudited)

Reference is made herein to the notes to consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Our accounting policies are as set forth in the notes to consolidated $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1$

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2004, FASB issued Statement No. 123 (revised) ("SFAS 123R"), Share-Based Payment. SFAS 123R is a revision of FASB Statement No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation. This Statement supersedes APB Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and its related implementation guidance, and establishes standards for the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services. It also addresses transactions in which an entity incurs liabilities in exchange for goods or services that are based on the fair value of the entity's equity instruments or that may be settled by the issuance of those equity instruments. SFAS 123R requires a public entity to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the award (with limited exceptions). That cost will be recognized over the period during which an employee is required to provide service in exchange for the award. This statement requires companies to recognize the fair value of stock options and other stock-based compensation to employees prospectively, beginning with awards granted, modified, repurchased or cancelled after the fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2005. We currently measure

stock-based compensation in accordance with APB Opinion No. 25. The impact on our financial condition or results of operations will depend on the number and terms of stock options outstanding on the date of change, as well as future options that may be granted. See Stock-Based Compensation below for the proforma impact that the fair value method would have had on our net income/loss for each of the quarters ended March 31, 2005, and 2004. We do not expect the impact of SFAS 123R to have an impact on our cash flows or liquidity.

In April 2005, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") amended its Regulation S-X to amend the date of compliance with SFAS 123R to the first reporting period of the fiscal year beginning on or after June 15, 2005. We anticipate adopting SFAS 123R on January 1, 2006.

Reclassifications

Certain prior period amounts have been $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right) +\left($

Stock-Based Compensation

We account for our stock-based employee compensation plans under the accounting provisions of APB Opinion 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and have furnished the pro forma disclosures required under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, and SFAS 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure.

SFAS 123 requires pro formal information regarding net income and earnings per share as if compensation cost for our employee and director stock options had been determined in accordance with the fair market value-based method prescribed in SFAS 123. We estimate the fair value of each stock option at the grant date by using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions

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used for grants in 2004: no dividend yield; an expected life of ten years; expected volatility between 21.72% and 37.50%; and risk free interest rates between 3.34% and 3.82%. No stock options have been granted in 2005.

Under the accounting provisions of SFAS 123, our net loss and net loss per share would have been increased to the pro forma amounts indicated below (in thousands except for per share amounts):

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	Three Months Ended (Unaudited) March 31				
	200	5		2004	
<pre><s></s></pre>	<c></c>		<c:< th=""><th></th></c:<>		
Net loss from continuing operations applicable to Common Stock, as reported Deduct: Total Stock-based employee compensation	\$	(1)	\$	(1,492)	
expense determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax effects		(92)		(94)	
Pro forma net loss from continuing operations applicable to Common Stock	\$,		(1,586)	
Loss per share:					
Basic - as reported	\$			(.04)	
Basic - pro-forma	\$		\$	(.04)	
				(0.4)	
Diluted - as reported	ş ======			(.04)	
Diluted - pro-forma	\$		\$		

 | | | |

2. Earnings Per Share

Basic EPS is based on the weighted average number of shares of Common Stock outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS includes the dilutive effect of potential common shares. Diluted loss per share for the three months ended March 31, 2004, does not include potential common shares as their effect would be anti-dilutive.

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The following is a reconciliation of basic net income (loss) per share to diluted net income (loss) per share for the three months ended March 31, 2005 and 2004:

<TABLE>

	Three Months End March 31,			
(Amounts in Thousands, Except for Per Share Amounts)	20	005		2004
<\$>	<c></c>		<c< th=""><th>></th></c<>	>
Earnings per share from continuing operations				
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	46	\$	(1,445)
Preferred stock dividends		(47)		(47)
Loss from continuing operations applicable to Common Stock		(1)		(1,492)

766 1 6 117 117				
Effect of dilutive securities: Preferred Stock dividends		47		
Income (loss) - diluted		46	\$ (1,492)
	===			
Basic income (loss) per share				(.04)
Diluted income (loss) per share	\$		\$	(.04)
	===	=====	===	=====
Earnings per share from discontinued operations				
Loss - basic and diluted		(167)		
Basic loss per share				(.02)
Diluted loss per share				(.02)
Diluted loss per share				(.02)
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic	4	41,778	3	7,040
Potential shares exercisable under stock option plans		250		
Potential shares upon exercise of Warrants		844		
Potential shares upon conversion of Preferred Stock		1,667		
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted		44 , 539		
Potential shares excluded from above weighted average share calculat to their anti-dilutive effect include:	ions	due		
Upon exercise of options		1,339		3 140
Upon exercise of Warrants		1,776		
Upon conversion of Preferred Stock				1,667
<pre></pre> <pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre><!--</td--><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1,007</td></pre></pre>				1,007
·,				

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3. Long Term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following at March 31, 2005, and December 31, 2004:

<TABLE>

Revolving Credit facility dated December 22, 2000, borrowings based upon eligible accounts receivable, subject to monthly borrowing base calculation, variable interest paid monthly at prime rate plus 1/2% (6.25% at March 31, 2005), balance due in May 2008 Rerm Loan dated December 22, 2000, payable in equal monthly installments of principal of \$83, balance due in May 2008, variable interest paid monthly at prime rate plus 1% (6.75% at March 31, 2005) Insecured Promissory Note dated August 31, 2000, payable in lump sum in August 2005, interest paid annually at 7.0% Promissory Note dated June 25, 2001, payable in semiannual installments on June 30 and December 31 through December 31, 2008, variable interest accrues at the applicable law rate determined under the IRS Code Section (7.0% on March 31, 2005) and is payable in one lump sum at the end of installment period Installment Agreement dated June 25, 2001, payable in semiannual installments on June 30 and December 31 through December 31, 2008, variable interest accrues at the applicable law rate determined under the IRS Code Section (7.0% on March 31, 2005) and is payable in one lump sum at the end of installment period Arrious capital lease and promissory note obligations, payable 2005 to 2010, interest at rates ranging from 5.0% to 14.2% Less current portion of long-term debt Cock Section (7.0% on March 31, 2005) and is payable in one lump sum at the end of installment period Arrious capital lease and promissory note obligations, payable 2005 to 2010, interest at rates ranging from 5.0% to 14.2% Less current portion of long-term debt Account of the prime rate plus 1/2% (6.25% at March 31, 2006) and installment period and the end of installment period	(Amounts in Thousands)	March 31, 2005 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2004
eligible accounts receivable, subject to monthly borrowing base calculation, variable interest paid monthly at prime rate plus 1/2% (6.25% at March 31, 2005), balance due in May 2008 Term Loan dated December 22, 2000, payable in equal monthly installments of principal of \$83, balance due in May 2008, variable interest paid monthly at prime rate plus 1% (6.75% at March 31, 2005) Jnsecured Promissory Note dated August 31, 2000, payable in lump sum in August 2005, interest paid annually at 7.0% Promissory Note dated June 25, 2001, payable in semiannual installments on June 30 and December 31 through December 31, 2008, variable interest accrues at the applicable law rate determined under the IRS Code Section (7.0% on March 31, 2005) and is payable in one lump sum at the end of installment period Installment Agreement dated June 25, 2001, payable in semiannual installments on June 30 and December 31 through December 31, 2008, variable interest accrues at the applicable law rate determined under the IRS Code Section (7.0% on March 31, 2005) and is payable in one lump sum at the end of installment period Arrivous capital lease and promissory note obligations, payable 2005 to 2010, interest at rates ranging from 5.0% to 14.2% Less current portion of long-term debt Erm Loan dated Duce 25, 2000, payable in semiannual installments on June 30 and December 31 through December 31, 2008, variable interest accrues at the applicable law rate determined under the IRS Code Section (7.0% on March 31, 2005) and is payable in one lump sum at the end of installment period Arrivous capital lease and promissory note obligations, payable 2005 to 2010, interest at rates ranging from 5.0% to 14.2% 20,237 18,956 Less current portion of long-term debt 512,580	 <\$>		
at prime rate plus 1% (6.75% at March 31, 2005) 2,833 3,083 Jnsecured Promissory Note dated August 31, 2000, payable in lump sum in August 2005, interest paid annually at 7.0% Promissory Note dated June 25, 2001, payable in semiannual installments on June 30 and December 31 through December 31, 2008, variable interest accrues at the applicable law rate determined under the IRS Code Section (7.0% on March 31, 2005) and is payable in one lump sum at the end of installment period Installment Agreement dated June 25, 2001, payable in semiannual installments on June 30 and December 31 through December 31, 2008, variable interest accrues at the applicable law rate determined under the IRS Code Section (7.0% on March 31, 2005) and is payable in one lump sum at the end of installment period Jarious capital lease and promissory note obligations, payable 2005 to 2010, interest at rates ranging from 5.0% to 14.2% Less current portion of long-term debt 2,153 2,106 20,237 18,956 6,361 6,376	eligible accounts receivable, subject to monthly borrowing base calculation, variable interest paid monthly at prime rate plus 1/2% (6.25% at March 31, 2005), balance due in May 2008 Term Loan dated December 22, 2000, payable in equal monthly installments of	\$ 7 , 964	\$ 6,480
Unsecured Promissory Note dated August 31, 2000, payable in lump sum in August 2005, interest paid annually at 7.0% Promissory Note dated June 25, 2001, payable in semiannual installments on June 30 and December 31 through December 31, 2008, variable interest accrues at the applicable law rate determined under the IRS Code Section (7.0% on March 31, 2005) and is payable in one lump sum at the end of installment period Installment Agreement dated June 25, 2001, payable in semiannual installments on June 30 and December 31 through December 31, 2008, variable interest accrues at the applicable law rate determined under the IRS Code Section (7.0% on March 31, 2005) and is payable in one lump sum at the end of installment period 753 753 753 753 754 755 Tess current portion of long-term debt 755 Tess current portion of long-term debt 756 757 758 759 759 759 750 750 751 753 753 753 753 753 753 753			
Promissory Note dated June 25, 2001, payable in semiannual installments on June 30 and December 31 through December 31, 2008, variable interest accrues at the applicable law rate determined under the IRS Code Section (7.0% on March 31, 2005) and is payable in one lump sum at the end of installment period Installment Agreement dated June 25, 2001, payable in semiannual installments on June 30 and December 31 through December 31, 2008, variable interest accrues at the applicable law rate determined under the IRS Code Section (7.0% on March 31, 2005) and is payable in one lump sum at the end of installment period Various capital lease and promissory note obligations, payable 2005 to 2010, interest at rates ranging from 5.0% to 14.2% Less current portion of long-term debt 6,361 6,366 6,376 6,376 512,580	at prime rate plus 1% (6.75% at March 31, 2005) Jnsecured Promissory Note dated August 31, 2000, payable in lump sum in	2,833	3,083
Installment Agreement dated June 25, 2001, payable in semiannual installments on June 30 and December 31 through December 31, 2008, variable interest accrues at the applicable law rate determined under the IRS Code Section (7.0% on March 31, 2005) and is payable in one lump sum at the end of installment period Various capital lease and promissory note obligations, payable 2005 to 2010, interest at rates ranging from 5.0% to 14.2% Less current portion of long-term debt 6,361 6,376 6,376 512,580	Promissory Note dated June 25, 2001, payable in semiannual installments on June 30 and December 31 through December 31, 2008, variable interest accrues at the applicable law rate determined under the IRS Code Section	3,500	3,500
at the end of installment period 753 753 Various capital lease and promissory note obligations, payable 2005 to 2010, interest at rates ranging from 5.0% to 14.2% 2,153 2,106	installment period Installment Agreement dated June 25, 2001, payable in semiannual installments on June 30 and December 31 through December 31, 2008, variable interest accrues at the applicable law rate determined under the IRS Code	3,034	3,034
interest at rates ranging from 5.0% to 14.2% 2,153 2,106	at the end of installment period	753	753
Less current portion of long-term debt 20,237 18,956 6,361 6,376 \$13,876 \$12,580		,	,
\$13,876 \$12,580	Less current portion of long-term debt	20,237 6,361	18,956 6,376
====== ================================		\$13,876	\$12,580

</TABLE>

Revolving Credit and Term Loan

On December 22, 2000, we entered into a Revolving Credit, Term Loan and Security Agreement ("Agreement") with PNC Bank, National Association, a national banking association ("PNC") acting as agent ("Agent") for lenders, and as issuing bank. The Agreement provided for a term loan ("Term Loan") in the amount of \$7,000,000, which requires principal repayments based upon a seven-year amortization, payable over five years, with monthly installments of \$83,000 and the remaining unpaid principal balance due on December 22, 2005. The Agreement also provided for a revolving line of credit ("Revolving Credit") with a maximum principal amount outstanding at any one time of \$18,000,000, as amended. The Revolving Credit advances are subject to limitations of an amount up to the sum of (a) up to 85% of Commercial Receivables aged 90 days or less from invoice date, (b) up to 85% of Commercial Broker Receivables aged up to 120 days from invoice date, (c) up to 85% of acceptable Government Agency Receivables aged up to 150 days from invoice date, and (d) up to 50% of acceptable unbilled amounts

aged up to 60 days, less (e) reserves Agent reasonably deems proper and necessary. The Revolving Credit advances were to be due and payable in full on December 22, 2005. As of March 31, 2005, the excess availability under our Revolving Credit was \$7,003,000 based on our eligible receivables.

On March 15, 2005, the Company entered into a commitment letter with PNC, whereby PNC agreed to renew and extend the agreement, and to increase the term loan back up to \$7.0 million. Effective March 25, 2005, the Company and PNC entered into an amended agreement (Amendment No. 4), which, among other things, extends the \$25 million credit facility through May 31, 2008. The credit facility consists of an \$18 million revolving line of credit and a \$7 million

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term loan. The terms of the credit facility remain principally unchanged, with the exception of a 50 basis point reduction in the variable interest rate on both loans. The increase to the term loan will be handled as a subsequent amendment, subject to the updating of the existing mortgages held by PNC. We expect the mortgage updates to be completed during the second quarter of 2005, with proceeds of approximately \$4.0 million to be received shortly thereafter. As a condition of this amended agreement, we paid a \$140,000 fee to PNC.

Pursuant to the Agreement, as amended, the Term Loan bears interest at a floating rate equal to the prime rate plus 1%, and the Revolving Credit at a floating rate equal to the prime rate plus 1/2%. The loans are subject to a prepayment fee of 1% until March 25, 2006, and 1/2% until March 25, 2007.

Unsecured Promissory Note

On August 31, 2000, as part of the consideration for the purchase of Diversified Scientific Services, Inc. ("DSSI"), we issued to Waste Management Holdings a long-term unsecured promissory note (the "Unsecured Promissory Note") in the aggregate principal amount of \$3,500,000, bearing interest at a rate of 7% per annum and having a five-year term with interest to be paid annually and principal due in one lump sum at the end of the term of the Unsecured Promissory Note (August 2005). This debt balance was reclassed in its entirety from long term to current in the third quarter of 2004. We plan to utilize the proceeds of the amended agreement with PNC, mentioned above, to repay this note prior to its August 2005 expiration date.

Promissory Note

In conjunction with our acquisition of M&EC, M&EC issued a promissory note for a principal amount of \$3.7 million to Performance Development Corporation ("PDC"), dated June 25, 2001, for monies advanced to M&EC for certain services performed by PDC. The promissory note is payable over eight years on a semiannual basis on June 30 and December 31. The principal repayments for 2005 will be approximately \$400,000 semiannually. Interest is accrued at the applicable law rate ("Applicable Rate") pursuant to the provisions of section 6621 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended. (7% on March 31, 2005) and payable in one lump sum at the end of the loan period. On March 31, 2005, the outstanding balance was \$4,170,000 including accrued interest of approximately \$1,136,000. PDC has directed M&EC to make all payments under the promissory note directly to the IRS to be applied to PDC's obligations under its installment agreement with the IRS.

Installment Agreement

Additionally, M&EC entered into an installment agreement with the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") for a principal amount of \$923,000 effective June 25, 2001, for certain withholding taxes owed by M&EC. The installment agreement is payable over eight years on a semiannual basis on June 30 and December 31. The principal repayments for 2005 will be approximately \$100,000 semiannually. Interest is accrued at the Applicable Rate, and is adjusted on a quarterly basis and payable in lump sum at the end of the installment period. On March 31, 2005, the outstanding balance was \$1,028,000 including accrued interest of approximately \$275,000.

$4\,.$ Commitments and Contingencies

Hazardous Waste

In connection with our waste management services, we handle both hazardous and non-hazardous waste, which we transport to our own, or other facilities for destruction or disposal. As a result of disposing of hazardous substances, in the event any cleanup is required, we could be a potentially responsible party for the costs of the cleanup notwithstanding any absence of fault on our part.

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Legal

In the normal course of conducting our business, we are involved in various litigations. There has been no material change in legal proceedings from those disclosed previously in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004, except as follows.

During February, 2005, the Company received a federal grand jury subpoena requesting documents "from the period of January 1, 2000, to the present concerning or relating to Wabash Environmental Technologies, LLC," ("Wabash"), an Indiana based entity that is not affiliated with the Company. The Company has been advised that the target of the grand jury investigation is Wabash and that neither the Company nor any subsidiary of the Company is a target of the investigation. The Company and any subsidiary that has documents concerning or relating to Wabash are compiling responsive documents and will be complying with the subpoena.

The Company is performing an extensive internal review as to whether the treatment, storage, processing and/or disposal of certain waste by its subsidiary, PFD, was in accordance with applicable environmental laws and regulations because it has identified a potential issue or issues with regard to its handling of said waste. Upon completion of the internal review, the Company will take any necessary and appropriate steps to report or otherwise address any issues arising from its handling of that certain particular waste.

Insurance

We believe we maintain insurance coverage adequate for our needs and which is similar to, or greater than, the coverage maintained by other companies of our size in the industry. There can be no assurances, however, those liabilities, which may be incurred by us, will be covered by our insurance or that the dollar amount of such liabilities, which are covered, will not exceed our policy limits. Under our insurance contracts, we usually accept self-insured retentions, which we believe is appropriate for our specific business risks. We are required by EPA regulations to carry environmental impairment liability insurance providing coverage for damages on a claims-made basis in amounts of at least \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$2,000,000 per year in the aggregate. To meet the requirements of customers, we have exceeded these coverage amounts.

In June 2003, we entered into a 25-year finite risk insurance policy, which provides financial assurance to the applicable states for our permitted facilities in the event of unforeseen closure. Prior to obtaining or renewing operating permits we are required to provide financial assurance that guarantees to the states that, in the event of closure, our permitted facilities will be closed in accordance with the regulations. The policy provides \$35,000,000 of financial assurance coverage and has available capacity to allow for annual inflation and other performance and surety bond requirements. On the fourth and subsequent anniversaries of the contract inception, the Company may elect to terminate this contract. During the second quarter of 2003 we made an upfront payment of \$4,000,000, of which \$2,766,000 represents the full premium for the 25-year term of the policy, and the remaining \$1,234,000, was deposited in a sinking fund account. Additionally, in February 2004 and 2005 we paid the first and second of nine required annual installments of \$1,004,000, of which \$991,000 was deposited in the sinking fund account, the remaining \$13,000 represents a terrorism premium. As of March 31, 2005, we have recorded \$3,216,000 in our Finite Risk Sinking Fund on the balance sheet.

5. Acquisitions

On March 23, 2004, our subsidiary, Perma-Fix of Maryland, Inc. ("PFMD") completed it's acquisition of certain assets of USL Environmental Services, Inc. d/b/a A&A Environmental ("A&A"), primarily located in Baltimore, Md., and our subsidiary, Perma-Fix of Pittsburgh, Inc. ("PFP") completed its acquisition of certain assets of US Liquids of Pennsylvania, Inc. d/b/a EMAX ("EMAX"). Both A&A and EMAX are wholly owned subsidiaries of US Liquids Inc. ("USL"). PFMD is using the acquired assets of A&A to provide a full line of environmental, marine and industrial maintenance services. PFMD offers expert environmental services such

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as 24-hour emergency response, vacuum services, hazardous and non-hazardous waste disposal, marine environmental and other remediation services. PFP is utilizing the acquired assets of EMAX to provide a variety of environmental services such as transportation of drums and bulk loads, tank cleaning, industrial maintenance, dewatering, drum management and chemical packaging. PFP also has a wastewater treatment group, which provides for the treatment of non-hazardous wastewaters such as leachates, oily waters, industrial process waters and off-spec products.

We paid \$2,915,000 in cash for the acquired assets and assumed certain liabilities of A&A and EMAX. The acquisitions were accounted for using the purchase method effective March 23, 2004, and accordingly, the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed of A&A and EMAX as of this date, and the results of operations since this date, are included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

6. Discontinued Operations

On October 4, 2004, our Board of Directors approved the discontinuation of operations at the facility in Detroit, Michigan, owned by our subsidiary, Perma-Fix of Michigan, Inc. ("PFMI"). The decision to discontinue operations at the Detroit facility was principally a result of two fires that significantly disrupted operations at the facility in 2003, and the facility's continued drain on the financial resources of our Industrial segment. We are in the process of remediating the facility and evaluating our available options for future use or sale of the property. The operating activities for the current and prior periods have been reclassified to discontinued operations in our Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Expenses of \$167,000 were recorded during the first quarter of 2005. PFMI recorded revenues of \$658,000, and operating losses of \$553,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2004. Assets and liabilities related to the discontinued operation have been reclassified to separate categories in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004. As of March 31, 2005, assets are recorded at their net realizable value, and consist of property of \$600,000, and insurance proceeds receivable of \$1,585,000. We have submitted three insurance claims relative to the two fires at PFMI, a property claim for the first fire and a property claim and business interruption claim for the second fire. During the fourth quarter of 2004, we finalized our negotiations with the insurance carrier on the business interruption claim and recorded an additional \$1,130,000 receivable, an increase to the previous receivable amount of \$455,000. We are currently negotiating settlements for the remaining two claims, but at this time we cannot estimate actual proceeds to be received.

Additional proceeds, if any, received on these remaining claims will be recorded as income from discontinued operations. Liabilities as of March 31, 2005, consist of accounts payable and current accrued expenses of \$1,972,000 and environmental accruals of \$2,203,000. Included in current accruals is a pension plan withdrawal liability, which is a result of the termination of substantially all of the union employees of PFMI. The PFMI union employees participate in the Central States Teamsters Pension Fund ("CST"), which provides that a partial or full termination of union employees may result in a withdrawal liability, due from PFMI to CST. We have recorded a \$1,680,000 pension withdrawal liability at March 31, 2005, based upon an actuarial study. This withdrawal liability represents our best estimate, and is subject to numerous factors such as the date and timing of union employee terminations, partial versus complete termination status, the pension funds unfunded vested benefit liability and PFMI's portion of such liability. This obligation is recorded as a current liability, but may not be paid out in the current year due to the timing of the termination event and process of determining the final liability.

As a result of the discontinuation of operations at the PFMI facility, we are required to complete certain closure and remediation activities pursuant to our RCRA permit. Also, in order to close and dispose of or sell the facility, we may have to complete certain additional remediation activities related to the land, building, and equipment. The extent and cost of the clean-up and remediation will be determined by state mandated requirements, the extent to which are not

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known at this time. Also, impacting this estimate is the level of contamination discovered, as we begin remediation, and the related clean-up standards which must be met in order to dispose of or sell the facility. We engaged our engineering firm, SYA, to perform an analysis and related estimate of the cost to complete the RCRA portion of the closure/clean-up costs and the potential long-term remediation costs. Based upon this analysis, we arrived at our best estimate of the cost of this environmental closure and remediation liability of \$2,464,000. We have spent approximately \$261,000 of this closure cost estimate since September 30, 2004, of which approximately \$145,000 was spent in the first quarter of 2005. In the event we retain PFMI, we anticipate spending an additional \$399,000 in 2005 and the remainder over the next two to five years.

7. Operating Segments

Pursuant to FAS 131, we define an operating segment as a business activity:

- o from which we may earn revenue and incur expenses;
- o whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the segment president to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance; and
- o for which discrete financial information is available.

We have three operating segments, which are defined as each business line that we operate. This however, excludes corporate headquarters, which does not generate revenue, and our discontinued operation, PFMI.

Our operating segments are defined as follows:

The Industrial Waste Management Services segment provides on-and-off site treatment, storage, processing and disposal of hazardous and non-hazardous industrial waste, and wastewater through our seven facilities; Perma-Fix Treatment Services, Inc., Perma-Fix of Dayton, Inc., Perma-Fix of Ft. Lauderdale, Inc., Perma-Fix of Orlando, Inc., Perma-Fix of South Georgia, Inc., Perma-Fix of Maryland, Inc., and Perma-Fix of Pittsburgh, Inc. We provide through certain of our facilities various waste management services to certain governmental agencies.

The Nuclear Waste Management Services segment provides treatment, storage, processing and disposal of nuclear, low-level radioactive, mixed (waste containing both hazardous and non-hazardous constituents), hazardous and non-hazardous waste through our three facilities; Perma-Fix of Florida, Inc., Diversified Scientific Services, Inc. and East Tennessee Materials and Energy Corporation.

The Consulting Engineering Services segment provides environmental engineering and regulatory compliance services through Schreiber, Yonley & Associates, Inc. which includes oversight management of environmental restoration projects, air and soil sampling and compliance and training activities to industrial and government customers, as well as, engineering and compliance support needed by our other segments.

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The table below presents certain financial $\,$ information in thousands by business segment as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2005 and 2004.

Segment Reporting for the Quarter Ended March 31, 2005

<TABLE>

				Segments		Consolidated
	Industrial	Nuclear	Engineering	Total	Corporate (2)	Total
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Revenue from external customers	\$ 9,949	\$ 10,896(3)	\$ 763	\$ 21,608	\$	\$ 21,608
Intercompany revenues	621	746	115	1,482		1,482
Gross profit	1,800	3,546	155	5,501		5,501
Interest income	1			1		1

Interest expense	207	174	2	383	29	412
Interest expense-financing fees		1		1	110	111
Depreciation and amortization	489	696	10	1,195	10	1,205
Segment profit (loss)	(245)	1,647	31	1,433	(1,387)	46
Segment assets(1)	27,127	61,629	2,279	91,035	10,148(4)	101,183
Expenditures for segment assets	449	300	7	756	10	766
Total long-term debt	1,636	7,775	29	9,440	10,797(5)	20,237

 | | | | | |Segment Reporting for the Quarter Ended March 31, 2004

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

				Segments		Consolidated
	Industrial	Nuclear	Engineering	Total	Corporate (2)	Total
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Revenue from external customers	\$ 6,608	\$ 9,475(3)	\$ 728	\$ 16,811	\$	\$ 16,811
Intercompany revenues	240	988	61	1,289		1,289
Gross profit	320	3,363	167	3,850		3,850
Interest income	1			1		1
Interest expense	161	454		615	50	665
Interest expense-financing fees					256	256
Depreciation and amortization	419	649	7	1,075	5	1,080
Segment profit (loss)	(1,526)	1,267	68	(191)	(1,254)	(1,445)
Segment assets(1)	35,111	56,749	2,076	93,936	18,393(4)	112,329
Expenditures for segment assets	340	662	8	1,010	44	1,054
Total long-term debt						

 2,182 | 8,214 | 36 | 10,432 | 10,419(5) | 20,851 |

- (1) Segment assets have been adjusted for intercompany accounts to reflect actual assets for each segment.
- (2) Amounts $\mbox{ reflect}$ the activity for corporate $\mbox{ headquarters}$ $\mbox{ not included in the segment information.}$
- (3) The consolidated revenues within the Nuclear Waste Services segment include the Bechtel Jacobs revenues for the quarter ended March 31, 2005, which total \$1,646,000 or (7.6%) of total revenue and \$1,516,000 (or 9.0%) for the same quarter in 2004.
- (4) Amount includes assets from Perma-Fix of Michigan, Inc., a discontinued operation from the Industrial segment, of approximately \$ 2,189,000 and \$9,461,000 as of March 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.
- (5) Includes the balance outstanding from our revolving line of credit and term loan, which is utilized by all of our segments.

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PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS PART I, ITEM 2

Forward-looking Statements

Certain statements contained within this report may be deemed "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (collectively, the "Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995"). All statements in this report other than a statement of historical fact are forward-looking statements that are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which could cause actual results and performance of the Company to differ materially from such statements. The words "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "will," and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements contained herein relate to, among other things,

- o improve our operations and liquidity;
- o anticipated improvement in the financial performance of the Company;
- o ability to comply with the Company's general working capital requirements;
- ability to be able to continue to borrow under the Company's revolving line of credit;
- ability to generate sufficient cash flow from operations to fund all costs of operations and remediation of certain formerly leased property in Dayton, Ohio, and the Company's facilities in Memphis, Tennessee; Detroit, Michigan; Valdosta, Georgia; Ft. Lauderdale, Florida; and Tulsa, Oklahoma;
- ability to remediate certain contaminated sites for projected amounts;
- o ability to fund budgeted capital expenditures during 2005;
- o increasing other sources of revenue at M&EC;
- o growth of our Nuclear segment;
- o anticipated decline in third party charges related to Section 404 of

Sarbanes-Oxlev;

- o ability to close and remediate the Michigan facility for the estimated amounts;
- o ability to repay our Unsecured Promissory Note utilizing proceeds from the amended term loan with PNC Bank;
- o completion of the amendment of the PNC term loan; and
- o $\,$ no expectation to close any facilities, other than the Michigan facility.

While the Company believes the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, it can give no assurance such expectations will prove to have been correct. There are a variety of factors, which could cause future outcomes to differ materially from those described in this report, including, but not limited to:

- o general economic conditions;
- o material reduction in revenues;
- o inability to collect in a timely manner a material amount of receivables;
- o increased competitive pressures;
- o the ability to maintain and obtain required permits and approvals to conduct operations;
- o the ability to develop new and existing technologies in the conduct of operations;
- o ability to retain or renew certain required permits;
- o discovery of additional contamination or expanded contamination at a certain Dayton, Ohio, property formerly leased by the Company or the Company's facilities at Memphis, Tennessee; Valdosta, Georgia; Detroit, Michigan; Ft. Lauderdale, Florida; and Tulsa, Oklahoma, which would result in a material increase in remediation expenditures;
- o changes in federal, state and local laws and regulations, especially environmental laws and regulations, or in interpretation of such;

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- o potential increases in equipment, maintenance, operating or labor costs;
- o management retention and development;
- o financial valuation of intangible assets is substantially less than expected;
- o termination of the Oak Ridge Contracts as a result of our lawsuit against Bechtel Jacobs or otherwise;
- o the requirement to use internally generated funds for purposes not presently anticipated;
- o inability to continue to be profitable on an annualized basis;
- o the inability of the Company to maintain the listing of its Common Stock on the NASDAO;
- o the determination that PFMI, PFSG, or PFO was responsible for a material amount of remediation at certain superfund sites;
- o terminations of contracts with federal agencies or subcontracts involving federal agencies, or reduction in amount of waste delivered to the Company under these contracts or subcontracts; and
- o determination that PFD is required to have a Title V air permit in connection with its operations, or is determined to have violated environmental laws or regulations in a material manner.

The Company undertakes no obligations to update publicly any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Overview

We provide services through three reportable operating segments. The Industrial Waste Management Services segment ("Industrial segment") is engaged in on-site and off-site treatment, storage, disposal and processing of a wide variety of by-products and industrial, hazardous and non-hazardous wastes, and with the recent acquisitions, added 24-hour emergency response, vacuum services and marine and industrial maintenance services. The segment operates and maintains facilities and businesses in the waste by-product brokerage, on-site treatment and stabilization, and off-site blending, treatment and disposal industries. The Nuclear Waste Management Services segment ("Nuclear segment") provides treatment, storage, processing and disposal services of mixed waste (waste containing both hazardous and low-level radioactive materials) and low-level radioactive wastes, including research, development and on-site and off-site waste remediation. The presence of nuclear and low-level radioactive constituents within the waste streams processed by this segment created different

and unique operational, processing and permitting/licensing requirements from those contained within the Industrial segment. Our Consulting Engineering Services segment ("Engineering segment") provides a wide variety of environmental related consulting and engineering services to both industry and government. These services include oversight management of environmental restoration projects, air and soil sampling, compliance reporting, surface and subsurface water treatment design for removal of pollutants, and various compliance and training activities.

The first quarter of 2005 reflects a revenue increase of 28% or \$4.8 million over the same period of 2004, with all three of our operating segments contributing to this increase. Revenues for the first quarter total \$21,608,000, the highest first quarter revenue total in our history. Revenues from our Industrial segment were up approximately 51% over the first quarter of last year and our Industrial segment gross profit margin was 18% this quarter, compared to just 5% in the first quarter last year. We continue to experience revenue growth in part due to contract awards such as the Kennedy Space Center and leading North-American home improvement chain contracts awarded in 2005, reduced costs and improved margins within our Industrial segment, as we come out of our recently completed restructuring of this segment. Nuclear revenues for the first quarter of 2005 were \$10.9 million, an increase of \$1.4 million or15% over the first quarter of last year. The Nuclear segment continues to perform well, to receive new treatment contracts and generate good margins (32.5% in the first quarter of 2005). As a result of the balance sheet restructuring activities of 2004 and improved cash flow, our interest expense for the first quarter of 2005 was down \$253,000 or 38% and our interest expense-financing fees were down

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\$145,000 or 57\$ from the same period of 2004. The combined result of this revenue growth, improved margins and reduced expenses, was our ability to achieve income from continuing operations of \$46,000 during our seasonally weakest period.

Results of Operations

The reporting of financial results and pertinent discussions are tailored to three reportable segments: Industrial Waste Management Services ("Industrial"), Nuclear Waste Management Services ("Nuclear") and Consulting Engineering Services ("Engineering"). The table below should be used when reviewing management's discussion and analysis for the three months ended March 31, 2005 and 2004.

<TABLE>

Three Months Ended March 31,

Consolidated (amounts in thousands)	2005	&	2004	&
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Net Revenues	\$ 21,608	100.0	\$ 16,811	100.0
Cost of good sold	16,107	74.5	12,961	77.1
Gross Profit	5,501	25.5	3,850	22.9
Selling, general and administrative	4,919	22.8	4,338	25.8
Loss (gain) on disposal of fixed assets			(17)	(.1)
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 582	2.7	\$ (471)	(2.8)
	=======	=====	======	=====
Interest expense	(412)	(1.9)	(665)	(4.0)
Interest expense-financing fees	(111)	(.5)	(256)	(1.5)
Other	(14)	(.1)	(54)	(.3)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	46	.2	(1,445)	(8.6)
Preferred Stock dividends				

 (47) | (.2) | (47) | (.2) |Summary - Three Months Ended March 31, 2005 and 2004

Net Revenue

Consolidated revenues increased for the three months ended March 31, 2005, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2004, as follows:

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(In thousands)	2005		2004		Change	-
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Nuclear						
Government waste	\$ 5,166	23.9	\$ 5,461	32.5	\$ (295)	(5.4)
Hazardous/Non-hazardous	1,551	7.2	331	2.0	1,220	368.9
Other nuclear waste	2,533	11.7	2,167	12.9	366	16.9
Bechtel Jacobs	1,646	7.6	1,516	9.0	130	8.6
Total	10,896	50.4	9,475	56.4	1,421	15.0
Industrial Revenues						
Commercial waste	6,121	28.4	4,677	27.8	1,444	30.9
Government services	1,320	6.1	1,426	8.5	(106)	(7.4)
Acquisitions	2,508	11.6	505	3.0	2,003	395.8
Total	9,949	46.1	6,608	39.3	3,341	50.6
Engineering	763	3.5	728	4.3	35	4.8

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The growth in revenues was realized across all segments with the majority of the increase due to the Industrial segment followed strongly by Nuclear. increase in the Industrial segment was related to the revenue contributed by the acquired as of March 23, 2004 and increased commercial revenue, highlighted by growth from the cruise line and home improvement industries. See "Acquisitions" in Note 5 to Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further information on the acquired facilities. The increase in the Nuclear segment is primarily the result of a special event soil project performed in relation to hazardous and non-hazardous waste streams from existing industrial customers. Additionally, the increase is due to the continued expansion within the mixed waste market as our facilities demonstrate ability to accept and process more complex waste streams, including additional contracts, such as a contract awarded by a Fortune 500 company in late June 2004to treat and dispose of mixed waste from research and development activities. Adding to the segment's increase was an overall increase in the Bechtel Jacobs revenue, as a result of increased processing and disposal revenue realized for the quarter. The Oak Ridge contracts revenue is included under Bechtel Jacobs. Partially offsetting these increases was a decrease in Government waste revenue. Although receipts were up for Government in the first quarter of 2005, processing focus was on other waste streams to maximize efficiencies while remaining within compliance deadlines, which resulted in a decrease in total Government revenue. See "Known Trends and Uncertainties - Significant Contracts" of this Management's Discussion and Analysis. The backlog of stored waste within the Nuclear segment at March 31, 2005, was approximately \$14,800,000, compared to \$16,247,000 at December 31, 2004.

Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold increased for the quarter ended March 31, 2005, $\,$ compared to the quarter ended March 31, 2004, as follows:

(In thousands)	2005	% Revenue	2004	% Revenue	Change
Nuclear Industrial Engineering	\$ 7,350 8,149 608	67.5 81.9 79.7	\$ 6,112 6,288 561	64.5 95.2 77.1	\$ 1,238 1,861 47
Total	\$16,107	74.5 =====	\$12,961 ======	77.1 =====	\$ 3,146 ======

The increase in cost of goods sold was present across all segments. The increase in the Industrial segment predominantly correlates to the additional revenues, as well as having a complete quarter's costs associated with the two facilities acquired, as of March 23, 2004. Additionally, 2005 is benefiting from the completion of the segment's restructuring and integration along with the segment's ability to more effectively process and dispose of waste that had been diverted from our discontinued operation in the first quarter of 2004. The Nuclear segment increase principally relates to the additional revenues, aided by the increased complexity of the waste streams, which caused the increase in payroll, materials and processing expenses. The Engineering segment accounted for the remaining increase experiencing higher payroll and other direct costs for projects completed this year. Included within cost of goods sold is depreciation and amortization expense of \$1,113,000 and \$1,022,000 for the quarters ended March 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively, reflecting an increase of \$92,000 over 2004. As a percentage of revenue, cost of goods sold decreased by 2.6%.

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Gross Profit

Gross profit for the quarter $% \left(1\right) =0$ ended March 31, 2005, increased over 2004, as follows:

(In thousands)	2005	% Revenue	2004	% Revenue	Change
Nuclear	\$ 3,546	32.5	\$ 3,363	35.5	s 183
Industrial	1,800	18.1	320	4.8	1,480
Engineering	155	20.3	167	22.9	(12)
Total	\$ 5,501	25.5	\$ 3,850	22.9	\$ 1,651

The resulting gross profit increase is principally attributable to the Industrial segment slightly aided by the Nuclear segment and partially offset by Engineering. However, the increase in the gross profit as a percentage of revenue was due to the Industrial segment. The segment's increase reflects the fixed costs of operating the facilities being spread over greater revenues, relating in part to the completion of the restructuring and integration and more efficient handling in 2005 of the waste that had to be diverted from our discontinued operation in the prior year. Slightly offsetting this increase was the addition of the March 2004, acquired facilities, which operate at a slightly lower gross profit percentage. The Nuclear and Engineering segments experienced a decrease in their gross profit percentage mainly due to the product mix and projects performed, respectively.

Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses increased for the three months ended March 31, 2005, as compared to the corresponding period for 2004,

(In thousands)	2005	% Revenue	2004	% Revenue	Change
Administrative	\$1,248		\$ 888		\$ 360
Nuclear	1,710	15.7	1,638	17.3	72
Industrial	1,838	18.5	1,705	25.8	133
Engineering	123	16.1	107	14.7	16
Total	\$4,919	22.8	\$4,338	25.8	\$ 581
			======		======

The increase in SG&A expenses predominately relates to corporate administrative expense, which included third party charges of \$214,000 incurred for additional audit fees, and compliance work performed with regard to Sarbanes Oxley and completion of the related internal control assessment required under Section 404 of the Act. We anticipate that the third party charges related to Section 404 will decline slightly in 2005, as we have completed the initial year of assessment, documented our deficiencies and are focused on their successful remediation. Also, additional payroll related expenses to build stronger infrastructures within the Corporate office and the Nuclear and Industrial segments, were incurred during the first quarter. Included in the increase for the Industrial segment were the full quarter's expenses related to the two facilities acquired, effective March 23, 2004. SG&A expenses includes depreciation and amortization expense of \$92,000 and \$58,000 for the quarters ended March 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

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Interest Expense

Interest expense $\,$ decreased for the quarter ended March 31, 2005, as compared to the corresponding period of 2004.

(In thousands)	2005	2004	Change
PNC interest	\$ 195	\$ 202	\$ (7)
AMI/BEC		190	(190)
Other	217	273	(56)
	\$ 412	\$ 665	\$(253)

This decrease reflects lower borrowing levels on our PNC revolving credit and term loan resulting from improved cash flows from operations and scheduled repayments on the term loan. In addition, in August 2004, we prepaid in full the AMI/BEC 13.5% Senior Subordinated Debt. We also experienced a decrease in interest expense due to the final repayment of debt associated with our 1999 acquisitions, which was completed in June 2004, and from the final repayment of debt to various other sources as our overall debt position continues to improve.

Interest Expense - Financing Fees

Interest expense-financing fees decreased approximately \$145,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2005, as compared to the corresponding period of 2004. This decrease was principally due to the write-off of \$1,217,000 of prepaid financing fees and debt discount associated with the early termination of senior subordinated notes, which were paid in full in August 2004. The remaining financing fees are principally associated with the PNC revolving credit and term loan, and are amortized to expense over the term of the loan agreements. As of March 31, 2005, the unamortized balance of prepaid financing fees is \$330,000, which will be amortized to expense at the rate of approximately \$37,000 per month during 2005. We have an additional \$168,000 of prepaid financing fees associated with Amendment No. 4 that will be amortized at the monthly amount of \$4,667 through the expiration date of May 2008.

Preferred Stock Dividends

Preferred Stock dividends remained constant at approximately \$47,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2005, and 2004. The Preferred dividends are comprised of approximately \$31,000 in dividends from our Series 17 Preferred Stock, and \$16,000 from the accrual of preferred dividends on the Preferred Stock of our subsidiary, M&EC.

Discontinued Operations

On October 4, 2004, our Board of Directors approved the discontinuation of operations at the facility in Detroit, Michigan, owned by our subsidiary, Perma-Fix of Michigan, Inc. ("PFMI"). The decision to discontinue operations at the Detroit facility was principally as a result of two fires that significantly disrupted operations at the facility in 2003, and the facility's continued drain on the financial resources of our Industrial segment. We are in the process of remediating the facility and evaluating our available options for future use or sale of the property. The operating activities for the current and prior periods have been reclassified to discontinued operations in our Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Expenses of \$167,000 were recorded during the first quarter of 2005. PFMI recorded revenues of \$658,000, and operating losses of \$553,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2004. Assets and liabilities related to the discontinued operation have been reclassified to separate categories in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004. As of March 31, 2005, assets are recorded at their net realizable value, and consist of property of \$600,000, and insurance proceeds receivable of \$1,585,000. We have submitted three insurance claims relative to the two fires at PFMI, a property claim for the first fire and a property claim and business interruption claim for the

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additional \$1,130,000 receivable, an increase to the previous receivable amount of \$455,000. We are currently negotiating settlements for the remaining two claims, but at this time we cannot estimate actual proceeds to be received. Additional proceeds, if any, received on these remaining claims will be recorded as income from discontinued operations. Liabilities as of March 31, 2005, consist of accounts payable and current accrued expenses of \$1,972,000 and environmental accruals of \$2,203,000. Included in current accruals is a pension plan withdrawal liability, which is a result of the termination of substantially all of the union employees of PFMI. The PFMI union employees participate in the Central States Teamsters Pension Fund ("CST"), which provides that a partial or full termination of union employees may result in a withdrawal liability, due from PFMI to CST. We have recorded a \$1,680,000 pension withdrawal liability at March 31, 2005, based upon an actuarial study. This withdrawal liability represents our best estimate, and is subject to numerous factors such as the date and timing of union employee terminations, partial versus complete termination status, the pension funds unfunded vested benefit liability and PFMI's portion of such liability. This obligation is recorded as a current liability but may not be paid out in the current year, due to the timing of the termination event and process of determining the final liability.

As a result of the discontinuation of operations at the PFMI facility, we are required to complete certain closure and remediation activities pursuant to our RCRA permit. Also, in order to close and dispose of or sell the facility, we may have to complete certain additional remediation activities related to the land, building, and equipment. The extent and cost of the clean-up and remediation will be determined by state mandated requirements, the extent to which are not known at this time. Also, impacting this estimate is the level of contamination discovered, as we begin remediation, and the related clean-up standards which must be met in order to dispose of or sell the facility. We engaged our engineering firm, SYA, to perform an analysis and related estimate of the cost to complete the RCRA portion of the closure/clean-up costs and the potential long-term remediation costs. Based upon this analysis, we arrived at our best estimate of the cost of this environmental closure and remediation liability of \$2,464,000. We have spent approximately \$261,000 of this closure cost estimate since September 30, 2004, of which approximately \$145,000 was spent in the first quarter of 2005. In the event we retain PFMI, we anticipate spending an additional \$399,000 in 2005 and the remainder over the next two to five years.

Liquidity and Capital Resources of the Company

Our capital requirements consist of general working capital needs, scheduled principal payments on our debt obligations and capital leases, remediation projects and planned capital expenditures. Our capital resources consist primarily of cash generated from operations, funds available under our revolving credit facility and proceeds from issuance of our Common Stock. Our capital resources are impacted by changes in accounts receivable as a result of revenue fluctuation, economic trends, collection activities, and the profitability of the segments.

At March 31, 2005, we had cash of \$78,000. The following table reflects the cash flow activities during the first quarter of 2005.

(In thousands)	2005
Cash provided by operations	\$ 284
Cash used in investing activities	(1,470)
Cash provided by financing activities	1,049
Decrease in cash	\$ (137)

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We are in a net borrowing position and therefore attempt to move all excess cash balances immediately to the revolving credit facility, so as to reduce debt and interest expense. We utilize a centralized cash management system, which includes remittance lock boxes and is structured to accelerate collection activities and reduce cash balances, as idle cash is moved without delay to the revolving credit facility. The cash balance at March 31, 2005, primarily represents minor petty cash and local account balances used for miscellaneous services and supplies.

Operating Activities

Accounts Receivable, net of allowances for doubtful accounts, totaled \$27,411,000, an increase of \$219,000 over the December 31, 2004, balance of \$27,192,000. The Nuclear segment experienced an increase of \$1,251,000 as a result of higher revenues in the first quarter when compared to prior year and the complexity involved with government accounts which require a greater amount of documentation that results in delays in the collection of these receivables. The Engineering segment also experienced an increase of \$18,000. Offsetting these increases, was a decrease in the accounts receivable from the Industrial segment of \$1,050,000 primarily resulting from increased collection efforts and certain write-offs of uncollectible balances.

As of March 31, 2005, total consolidated accounts payable was \$7,355,000, an increase of \$826,000 from the December 31, 2004, balance of \$6,529,000. Accounts payable increased due to additional operating expenses associated with increased revenues from the Nuclear segment during the fourth quarter of 2004 and the first quarter of 2005. Additionally, accounts payable increased as we continue to fund capital expenditures through the use of working capital.

Accrued Expenses as of March 31, 2005, totaled \$11,392,000, a decrease of \$708,000 over the December 31, 2004, balance of \$12,100,000. Accrued expenses are made up of disposal and processing cost accruals, accrued compensation, interest payable, insurance payable and certain tax accruals. The decrease to accrued expenses was principally a result of payments made in the first quarter for insurance payables of \$424,000, royalty settlement payments of \$225,000, and other environmental issue payments related to Title V air issues, superfund settlements and other environmental reserves.

The working capital position at March 31, 2005, was \$345,000, as compared to a working capital deficit of \$497,000 at December 31, 2004. The increase in this position of \$842,000 is principally a result of an increase in inventory and a decrease in accrued expenses. The increase in inventory is primarily a result of the stockpiling of used oil product in preparation for the higher seasonal demand of product in the warmer months. Accrued expenses decreased principally due to payments made towards insurance payables, environmental issues and royalty settlements, mentioned above. Our working capital position continues to experience the negative impact of certain liabilities associated with discontinued operations.

Investing Activities

Our purchases of new capital equipment for the three-month period ended March 31, 2005, totaled approximately \$766,000 of which \$281,000 was financed, resulting in net purchases of \$478,000, funded out of cash flow. These expenditures were for expansion and improvements to the operations principally within the Nuclear and Industrial segments. These capital expenditures were principally funded by the cash provided by operations, and through various other lease financing sources. We budgeted capital expenditures of approximately \$6,000,000 for fiscal year 2005, which includes an estimated \$523,000 to complete certain current projects committed at December 31, 2004, as well as other identified capital and permit compliance purchases. Our purchases during the first quarter of 2005 include approximately \$181,000 of those projects committed at December 31, 2004. Certain of these budgeted projects are discretionary and may either be delayed until later in the year or deferred altogether. We have traditionally incurred actual capital spending totals for a given year less than initial budget amount. The initiation and timing of projects are also determined by financing alternatives or funds available for

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such capital projects. We anticipate funding these capital expenditures by a combination of lease financing, internally generated funds, and/or the proceeds received from Warrant exercises.

In June 2003, we entered into a 25-year finite risk insurance policy, which provides financial assurance to the applicable states for our permitted facilities in the event of unforeseen closure. Prior to obtaining or renewing operating permits we are required to provide financial assurance that guarantees to the states that in the event of closure our permitted facilities will be closed in accordance $\,$ with the $\,$ regulations. The policy provides \$35 million of financial $\,$ assurance coverage of which the coverage amount totals \$28,546,000 at March 31, 2005, and has available capacity to allow for annual inflation and other performance and surety bond requirements. This finite risk insurance policy required an upfront payment of \$4.0 million, of which \$2,766,000 represents the full premium for the 25-year term of the policy, and the remaining \$1,234,000, to be deposited in a sinking fund account representing a restricted cash account. Additionally, in February 2004 and 2005, we paid the first and second of nine required annual installments of \$1,004,000, of which \$991,000 was deposited in the sinking fund account, the remaining \$13,000 represents a terrorism premium. As of March 31, 2005, we have recorded \$3,216,000 in our sinking fund on the balance sheet. On the fourth subsequent anniversaries of the contract inception, we may elect to terminate this contract. If we so elect, the Insurer will pay us an amount equal to 100% of the sinking fund account balance in return for complete releases of liability from both us and any applicable regulatory agency using this policy as an instrument to comply with financial assurance requirements.

On March 23, 2004, our subsidiary, PFMD completed it's acquisition of certain assets of A&A and our subsidiary, PFF completed its acquisition of certain assets of EMAX. We paid \$2,915,000 in cash for the acquired assets and assumed liabilities of A&A and EMAX, using funds received in connection with the private placement discussed below, under financing activities.

Financing Activities

On December 22, 2000, we entered into a Revolving Credit, Term Loan and Security Agreement ("Agreement") with PNC Bank, National Association, a national banking association ("PNC") acting as agent ("Agent") for lenders, and as issuing bank. The Agreement provided for a term loan ("Term Loan") in the amount of \$7,000,000, which requires principal repayments based upon a seven-year amortization, payable over five years, with monthly installments of \$83,000 and the remaining unpaid principal balance due on December 22, 2005. The Agreement also provided for a revolving line of credit ("Revolving Credit") with a maximum principal amount outstanding at any one time of \$18,000,000, as amended. The Revolving Credit advances are subject to limitations of an amount up to the sum of (a) up to 85% of Commercial Receivables aged 90 days or less from invoice date, (b) up to 85% of Commercial Broker Receivables aged up to 120 days from invoice date, (c) up to 85% of acceptable Government Agency Receivables aged up to 150 days from invoice date, and (d) up to 50% of acceptable unbilled amounts aged up to 60 days, less (e) reserves Agent reasonably deems proper and necessary. The Revolving Credit advances were to be due and payable in full on December 22, 2005. As of March 31, 2005, the excess availability under our Revolving Credit was \$7,003,000 based on our eligible receivables.

On March 15, 2005, the Company entered into a commitment letter with PNC, whereby PNC agreed to renew and extend the agreement, and to increase the term loan back up to \$7.0 million. Effective March 25, 2005, the Company and PNC entered into an amended agreement (Amendment No. 4), which, among other things, extends the \$25 million credit facility through May 31, 2008. The credit facility consists of an \$18 million revolving line of credit and a \$7 million term loan. The terms of the credit facility remain principally unchanged, with the exception of a 50 basis point reduction in the variable interest rate on both loans. The increase to the term loan will be handled as a subsequent amendment, subject to the updating of the existing mortgages held by PNC. We expect the mortgage updates to be completed during the second quarter of 2005,

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with proceeds of approximately \$4.0\$ million to be received shortly thereafter. As a condition of this amended agreement, we paid a \$140,000\$ fee to PNC.

Pursuant to the Agreement, as amended, the Term Loan bears interest at a floating rate equal to the prime rate plus 1%, and the Revolving Credit at a floating rate equal to the prime rate plus 1/2%. The loans are subject to a prepayment fee of 1% until March 25, 2006, and 1/2% until March 25, 2007.

On August 31, 2000, as part of the consideration for the purchase of Diversified Scientific Services, Inc. ("DSSI"), we issued to Waste Management Holdings a long-term unsecured promissory note (the "Unsecured Promissory Note") in the aggregate principal amount of \$3,500,000, bearing interest at a rate of 7% per annum and having a five-year term with interest to be paid annually and principal due in one lump sum at the end of the term of the Unsecured Promissory Note (August 2005). This debt balance was reclassed in its entirety from long term to current in the third quarter of 2004. We plan to utilize the proceeds of the amended agreement with PNC, mentioned above, to repay this note prior to its August 2005 expiration date.

In conjunction with our acquisition of M&EC, M&EC issued a promissory note for a principal amount of \$3.7 million to Performance Development Corporation ("PDC"), dated June 25, 2001, for monies advanced to M&EC for certain services performed by PDC. The promissory note is payable over eight years on a semiannual basis on June 30 and December 31. The principal repayments for 2005 will be approximately \$400,000 semiannually. Interest is accrued at the applicable law rate ("Applicable Rate") pursuant to the provisions of section 6621 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended. (7% on March 31, 2005) and payable in one lump sum at the end of the loan period. On March 31, 2005, the outstanding balance was \$4,170,000 including accrued interest of approximately \$1,136,000. PDC has directed M&EC to make all payments under the promissory note directly to the IRS to be applied to PDC's obligations under its installment agreement with the IRS.

Additionally, M&EC entered into an installment agreement with the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") for a principal amount of \$923,000 effective June 25, 2001, for certain withholding taxes owed by M&EC. The installment agreement is payable over eight years on a semiannual basis on June 30 and December 31. The principal repayments for 2005 will be approximately \$100,000 semiannually. Interest is accrued at the Applicable Rate, and is adjusted on a quarterly basis and payable in lump sum at the end of the installment period. On March 31, 2005, the rate was 7%. On March 31, 2005, the outstanding balance was \$1,028,000 including accrued interest of approximately \$275,000.

On March 22, 2004, we completed a private placement for gross proceeds of approximately \$10,386,000 through the sale of 4,616,113 shares of our Common Stock at \$2.25 per share and Warrants to purchase an additional 1,615,638 shares of our Common Stock exercisable at \$2.92 per share and a term of three years. The private placement was sold to fifteen accredited investors. The net cash proceeds received of \$9,870,000, after paying placement agent fees, and other related expenses, were used in connection with the acquisitions of certain acquired assets of A&A and EMAX discussed above, and to pay down the Revolving Credit. We subsequently reborrowed the private placement funds from the revolving credit facility in August 2004, and prepaid the higher interest, 13.5% Notes, as discussed above. We also issued Warrants to purchase an aggregate of 160,000 shares of our Common Stock, exercisable at \$2.92 per share and with a three year term, for consulting services related to the private placement.

We have outstanding 2,500 shares of Preferred Stock, with each share having a liquidation preference of \$1,000 ("Liquidation Value"). Annual dividends on the Preferred Stock are 5% of the Liquidation Value. Dividends on the Preferred Stock are cumulative, and are payable, if and when declared by our Board of Directors, on a semiannual basis. Dividends on the outstanding Preferred Stock may be paid at our option, if declared by the Board of Directors, in cash or in shares of our Common Stock.

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During 2005, accrued dividends for the period July 1, 2004, through December 31, 2004, in the amount of approximately \$63,000 were paid in cash in March 2005. The accrued dividends for the period January 1, 2005, through March 31, 2005, in the amount of approximately \$31,000 will be paid in August 2005.

In summary, we have continued to take steps to improve our operations and liquidity, as discussed above. However, we continue to invest our working capital back into our facilities to fund capital additions within both the Nuclear and Industrial segments. We have experienced the positive impact of increased accounts receivable collections and increased availability under our Revolving Credit. Additionally, accounts payable have remained relatively steady and within terms. Offsetting these positives is the continued negative impact of current reserves recorded on discontinued operations. The reserves recorded on discontinued operations ould be reduced or paid over a longer period of time than initially anticipated. If we are unable to improve our operations and become profitable in the foreseeable future, such would have a material adverse

effect on our liquidity position.

Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes our contractual obligations at March 31, 2005, and the effect such obligations are expected to have on our liquidity and cash flow in future periods, (in thousands):

<TABLE>

Pavments		

Contractual Obligations	Total	2005	2006 - 2008	2009 - 2010	After 2010
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Long-term debt	\$20,237	\$ 6,338	\$13,818	\$ 81	\$
Interest on long-term debt (1)	1,411		1,411		
Operating leases	3,648	1,408	2,190	50	
Finite risk policy (2)	7,026		3,011	2,008	2,007
Pension withdrawal liability (3)	1,680	1,680			
Purchase obligations (4)					
Total contractual obligations	\$34,002	\$ 9,426	\$20,430	\$ 2,139	\$ 2,007
	======	======	======	======	======

</TABLE>

- (1) Our IRS Note and PDC Note agreements state that the interest on those notes is paid at the end of the term, December 2008.
- (2) Our finite risk insurance policy provides financial assurance guarantees to the states in the event of unforeseen closure of our permitted facilities. See Liquidity and Capital Resources Investing activities earlier in this Management's Discussion and Analysis for further discussion on our finite risk policy.
- (3) The pension withdrawal liability is the estimated liability to us upon termination of substantially all of our union employees at our discontinued operation, PFMI. See Discontinued Operation earlier in this section for discussion on our discontinued operation.
- (4) We are not a party to any significant long-term service or supply contracts with respect to our processes. We refrain from entering into any long-term purchase commitments in the ordinary course of business.

Critical Accounting Estimates

In preparing the consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as, the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting

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period. We believe the following critical accounting policies affect the more significant estimates used in preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Revenue Recognition Estimates. Effective September 1, 2003 we refined our percentage of completion methodology for purposes of revenue recognition in our Nuclear Segment. As we accept more complex waste streams in this segment, the treatment of those waste streams becomes more complicated and more time consuming. We have continued to enhance our waste tracking capabilities and systems, which has enabled us to better match the revenue earned to the processing phases achieved. The major processing phases are receipt, treatment/processing and shipment/final disposition. Upon receiving mixed waste we recognize a certain percentage (33%) of revenue as we incur costs for transportation, analytical and labor associated with the receipt of mixed wastes. As the waste is processed, shipped and disposed of we recognize the remaining 67% of revenue and the associated costs of transportation and burial. The waste streams in our Industrial segment are much less complicated, and services are rendered shortly after receipt, as such we don't use percentage of completion estimates in our Industrial segment. We review and evaluate our revenue recognition estimates and policies on a quarterly basis.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts. The carrying amount of accounts receivable is reduced by an allowance for doubtful accounts, which is a valuation allowance that reflects management's best estimate of the amounts that are uncollectable. We regularly review all accounts receivable balances that exceed 60 days from the invoice date and based on an assessment of current credit worthiness, estimate the portion, if any, of the balance that are uncollectable. Specific accounts that are deemed to be uncollectible are reserved at 100% of their outstanding balance. The remaining balances aged over 60 days have a percentage applied by aging category (5% for balances 61-90 days, 20% for balances 91-120 days and 40% for balances over 120 days aged), based on a historical valuation, that allows us to calculate the total reserve required. This allowance was approximately 0.7%, and 0.8% of revenue and approximately 2.1%, and 2.9% of accounts receivable for 2004, and 2003, respectively.

Intangible Assets. Intangible assets relating to acquired businesses consist primarily of the cost of purchased businesses in excess of the estimated fair value of net assets acquired ("goodwill") and the recognized permit value of the business. We continually reevaluate the propriety of the carrying amount of permits and goodwill to determine whether current events and circumstances warrant adjustments to the carrying value. Effective January 1, 2002, we adopted

SFAS 142. We utilized an independent appraisal firm to test goodwill and permits, separately, for impairment. The initial report provided by the appraiser indicated that no impairment existed as of January 1, 2002. Goodwill and permits are tested annually as of October 1. Our annual impairment test as of October 1, 2004, resulted in an impairment of goodwill and permits, in our Industrial segment in the amounts of \$4,886,000 and \$4,116,000, respectively, which resulted in remaining balance of Industrial segment intangible permits in the amount of \$2,370,000. Effective January 1, 2002, we discontinued amortizing indefinite life intangible assets (goodwill and permits) as required by SFAS 142. The appraisers estimated the fair value of our operating segments using a discounted cash flow valuation approach. This approach is dependent on estimates for future sales, operating income, depreciation and amortization, working capital changes, and capital expenditures, as well as, expected growth rates for cash flows and long-term interest rates, all of which are impacted by economic conditions related to our industry as well as conditions in the U.S. capital markets.

Accrued Closure Costs. Accrued closure costs represent a contingent environmental liability to clean up a facility in the event we cease operations in an existing facility. The accrued closure costs are estimates based on guidelines developed by federal and/or state regulatory authorities under Resource Conservation and Recovery Act ("RCRA"). Such costs are evaluated annually and adjusted for inflationary factors and for approved changes or expansions to the facilities. Increases due to inflationary factors for 2005 and 2004, have been approximately 2.1%, and 1.6%, respectively, and based on the

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historical information, we do not expect future inflationary changes to differ materially from the last three years. Increases or decreases in accrued closure costs resulting from changes or expansions at the facilities are determined based on specific RCRA guidelines applied to the requested change. This calculation includes certain estimates, such as disposal pricing, external labor, analytical costs and processing costs, which are based on current market conditions. However, with the exception of the Michigan facility, we have no intention, at this time, to close any of our facilities.

Accrued Environmental Liabilities. We have six remediation projects currently in progress. The current and long-term accrual amounts for the projects are our best estimates based on proposed or approved processes for clean-up. The circumstances that could affect the outcome range from new technologies that are being developed every day to reduce our overall costs, to increased contamination levels that could arise as we complete remediation which could increase our costs, neither of which we anticipate at this time. In addition, significant changes in regulations could adversely or favorably affect our costs to remediate existing sites or potential future sites, which cannot be reasonably quantified. We have also accrued long-term environmental liabilities for our recently acquired facilities, however, as these are not permitted facilities we are currently under no obligation to clean up the contamination.

Disposal Costs. We accrue for waste disposal based upon a physical count of the total waste at each facility at the end of each accounting period. Current market prices for transportation and disposal costs are applied to the end of period waste inventories to calculate the disposal accrual. Costs are calculated using current costs for disposal, but economic trends could materially affect our actual costs for disposal. As there are limited disposal sites available to us, a change in the number of available sites or an increase or decrease in demand for the existing disposal areas could significantly affect the actual disposal costs either positively or negatively.

Known Trends and Uncertainties

Seasonality. Historically we have experienced reduced revenues, operating losses or decreased operating profits during the first and fourth quarters of our fiscal years due to a seasonal slowdown in operations from poor weather conditions and overall reduced activities during the holiday season and through January and February of the first quarter. During our second and third fiscal quarters there has historically been an increase in revenues and operating profits. Management expects this trend to continue in future years. As discussed above, this trend continued in 2004, but the reduction in revenues and the net loss for the first quarter 2004 was greater than we have historically experienced in prior first quarter periods as previously discussed. The U.S. Department of Energy ("DOE") and U.S. Department of Defense ("DOD") represent major customers for the Nuclear segment. In conjunction with the federal government's September 30 fiscal year-end, the Nuclear segment experiences seasonably large shipments during the third quarter, leading up to this government fiscal year-end, as a result of incentives and other quota requirements. Correspondingly for a period of approximately three months following September 30, the Nuclear segment is generally seasonably slow, as the governmental budgets are still being finalized, planning for the new year is occurring and we enter the holiday season.

Economic Conditions. Economic downturns or recessionary conditions can adversely affect the demand for our services, principally within the Industrial segment. Reductions in industrial production generally follow such economic conditions, resulting in reduced levels of waste being generated and/or sent off for treatment. We believe that our revenues and profits were negatively affected within this segment by the recessionary conditions in 2003, and that this trend continued throughout 2004.

Significant Contracts. Our revenues are principally derived from numerous and varied customers. However, our Nuclear segment has a significant relationship with Bechtel Jacobs. Bechtel Jacobs is the DOE's appointed manager of the environmental program to perform certain treatment and disposal services in Oak Ridge, Tennessee. In this capacity Bechtel Jacobs entered into certain

subcontracts with our Oak Ridge, Tennessee subsidiary ("M&EC"). Our revenues from Bechtel Jacobs contributed 7.6% of total consolidated revenues in the quarter ended March 31, 2005 and 9.0% of total consolidated revenues during the same period in 2004. The Oak Ridge contracts have been extended, through June 2005, with several pricing modifications, but, as with most contracts with the federal government, may be terminated or renegotiated at any time at the government's election. As the DOE site in Oak Ridge continues to complete certain of its clean-up milestones and moves toward completing its closure efforts, the revenue from these contracts may continue to decline. The Nuclear segment has and will pursue other similar or related contracts for environmental programs at other DOE and government sites. In February 2003, M&EC commenced legal proceedings against Bechtel Jacobs, the general contractor under the Oak contracts, seeking payment from Bechtel Jacobs of approximately million in surcharges relating to certain wastes that were treated by M&EC in 2001 and 2002 under the Oak Ridge contracts. During 2001, we recognized approximately \$381,000 in revenue for these surcharges, which represented an initial offer for settlement by Bechtel Jacobs. Bechtel Jacobs continues to deliver waste to M&EC for treatment, and M&EC continues to accept such waste. In addition, subsequent to the filing of the lawsuit, M&EC has entered into a new contract with Bechtel Jacobs to treat DOE waste. There is no guarantee of future business under the Oak Ridge contracts, and either party may terminate the Oak Ridge contracts at any time. Termination of these contracts could have a material adverse effect on us. We are working towards increasing other sources of revenues at M&EC to reduce the risk of reliance on one major source of revenues.

During the second quarter of 2004, the Nuclear segment was awarded a contract from a Fortune 500 company valued at approximately \$6,218,000 to treat and dispose of mixed waste generated from research and development activities. This contract requires innovative treatment processing technologies we developed to accommodate the complex nature of these wastes. The contract should be completed during the third quarter of 2005. We recognized \$893,000 in revenues from this contract for the three months ended March 31, 2005 or 4.1% of total consolidated revenues. During 2004, we recognized \$3,195,000 in revenue from this contract.

During October 2004, the Nuclear segment was awarded a three-year contract valued at approximately \$23,000,000 for the treatment of mixed low-level wastes generated at the DOE's Hanford Site. Fluor Hanford, a prime contractor supporting DOE's cleanup mission at Hanford, has awarded this contract to us to provide specialized thermal treatment for a variety of mixed low-level radioactive wastes generated at Hanford. As with contracts or subcontracts with or involving the federal government, this contract may be terminated or renegotiated at anytime at the government's option. We recognized \$914,000 in revenues from this contract for the quarter ended March 31, 2005.

Insurance. We maintain insurance coverage similar to, or greater than, the coverage maintained by other companies of the same size and industry, which complies with the requirements under applicable environmental laws. We evaluate our insurance policies annually to determine adequacy, cost effectiveness and desired deductible levels. Due to the downturn in the economy and changes within the environmental insurance market, we have no guarantee that we will be able to obtain similar insurance in future years, or that the cost of such insurance will not increase materially.

Certain Legal Proceedings. PFD is involved in legal proceedings with the EPA and others alleging, among other things, that PFD is required to have obtained a Title V air permit in order to carry out its operations, which PFD vigorously disagrees with and is contesting. If it is determined that PFD is required to have a Title V air permit, such could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and we anticipate substantial additional capital expenditures at PFD would be required in order to bring PFD into compliance with Title V air permit requirements. As of the date of this report, we do not have any reliable estimates of the effect on our liquidity or the cost of such additional capital expenditures if there is an adverse ruling regarding the Title V air permit issue.

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In December 2004, PFD received a complaint brought under the citizen's suit provisions of the Clean Air Act in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Ohio, Western district, styled Barbara Fisher v. Perma-Fix of Dayton, Inc. The suit alleges violation by PFD of a number of state and federal clean air statutes in connection with the operation of PFD's facility, primarily due to the operating without a Title V air permit, and further alleges that air emissions from PFD's facility endanger the health of the public and constitutes a nuisance in violation of Ohio law. The action seeks injunctive relief, imposition of civil penalties, attorney fees and costs and other forms of relief. We intend to vigorously defend ourselves in connection with this matter. See above discussion as to administrative proceedings instituted by the EPA.

During February, 2005, the Company received a federal grand jury subpoena requesting documents "from the period of January 1, 2000, to the present concerning or relating to Wabash Environmental Technologies, LLC," ("Wabash"), an Indiana based entity that is not affiliated with the Company. The Company has been advised that the target of the grand jury investigation is Wabash and that neither the Company nor any subsidiary of the Company is a target of the investigation. The Company and any subsidiary that has documents concerning or relating to Wabash are compiling responsive documents and will be complying with the subpoena.

The Company is performing an extensive internal review as to whether the treatment, storage, processing and/or disposal of certain waste by its subsidiary, PFD, was in accordance with applicable environmental laws and

regulations because it has identified a potential issue or issues with regard to its handling of said waste. Upon completion of the internal review, the Company will take any necessary and appropriate steps to report or otherwise address any issues arising from its handling of that certain particular waste.

PFD Environmental. We have recently discovered that our facility, PFD had inadvertently received high level PCB contaminated oil, at a level greater than PFD is permitted to accept, and have notified regulators of the incident. We are currently investigating the extent of contamination and our disposal options. The cost of disposal of this PCB contaminated oil has not yet been determined.

Environmental Contingencies

We are engaged in the waste management services segment of the pollution control industry. As a participant in the on-site treatment, storage and disposal market and the off-site treatment and services market, we are subject to rigorous federal, state and local regulations. These regulations mandate strict compliance and therefore are a cost and concern to us. Because of their integral role in providing quality environmental services, we make every reasonable attempt to maintain complete compliance with these regulations; however, even with a diligent commitment, we, along with many of our competitors, may be required to pay fines for violations or investigate and potentially remediate our waste management facilities.

We routinely use third party disposal companies, who ultimately destroy or secure landfill residual materials generated at our facilities or at a client's site. We, compared to certain of our competitors, dispose of significantly less hazardous or industrial by-products from our operations due to rendering material non-hazardous, discharging treated wastewaters to publicly-owned treatment works and/or processing wastes into saleable products. In the past, numerous third party disposal sites have improperly managed wastes and consequently require remedial action; consequently, any party utilizing these sites may be liable for some or all of the remedial costs. Despite our aggressive compliance and auditing procedures for disposal of wastes, we could, in the future, be notified that we are a PRP at a remedial action site, which could have a material adverse effect.

3.0

We have budgeted for 2005, \$1,265,000 in environmental remediation expenditures to comply with federal, state and local regulations in connection with remediation of certain contaminates at our facilities. Our facilities where the remediation expenditures will be made are the Leased Property in Dayton, Ohio (EPS), a former RCRA storage facility as operated by the former owners of PFD, PFM's facility in Memphis, Tennessee, PFSG's facility in Valdosta, Georgia, PFTS's facility in Tulsa, Oklahoma, a property adjacent to our PFFL facility, PFMD's facility in Baltimore, Maryland, PFP's leased property in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and PFMI's facility in Detroit, Michigan. We expect to fund the expenses to remediate the sites from funds generated internally, however, no assurances can be made that we will be able to do so.

At March 31, 2005, we had total accrued environmental remediation liabilities of \$4,946,000, of which \$1,029,000 is recorded as a current liability, which reflects a decrease of \$236,000 from the December 31, 2004, balance of \$1,265,000. The decrease represents payments on remediation projects. The March 31, 2005, current and long-term accrued environmental balance is recorded as follows:

	Current	Long-term	
	Accrual	Accrual	Total
PFD	\$ 110,000	\$ 595,000	\$ 705,000
PFM	261,000	434,000	695,000
PFSG	207,000	501,000	708,000
PFTS	27,000	42,000	69,000
PFFL	25,000		25,000
PFMD		391,000	391,000
PFP		150,000	150,000
	630,000	2,113,000	2,743,000
PFMI	399,000	1,804,000	2,203,000
	\$1,029,000	\$3,917,000	\$4,946,000
	========	=======	========

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2004, FASB issued Statement No. 123 (revised) ("SFAS 123R"), Share-Based Payment. SFAS 123R is a revision of FASB Statement No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation. This Statement supersedes APB Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and its related implementation guidance, and establishes standards for the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services. It also addresses transactions in which an entity incurs liabilities in exchange for goods or services that are based on the fair value of the entity's equity instruments or that may be settled by the issuance of those equity instruments. SFAS 123R requires a public entity to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the award (with limited exceptions). That cost will be recognized over the period $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left$ exchange for the award. This statement requires companies to recognize the fair value of stock options and other stock-based compensation to employees prospectively, beginning with awards granted, modified, repurchased or cancelled after the fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2005. We currently measure stock-based compensation in accordance with APB Opinion No. 25. The impact on our financial condition or results of operations will depend on the number and terms of stock options outstanding on the date of change, as well as future

options that may be granted. See Note 1 to Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Stock-Based Compensation for the pro forma impact that the fair value method would have had on our net income/loss for each of the quarters ended March 31, 2005 and 2004. We do not expect the impact of SFAS 123R to have an impact on our cash flows or liquidity.

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In April 2005, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") amended its Regulation S-X to amend the date of compliance with SFAS 123R to the first reporting period of the fiscal year beginning on or after June 15, 2005. We anticipate adopting SFAS 123R on January 1, 2006.

Interest Rate Swap

We entered into an interest rate swap agreement effective December 22, 2000, to modify the interest characteristics of our outstanding debt from a floating basis to a fixed rate, thus reducing the impact of interest rate changes on future income. This agreement involves the receipt of floating rate amounts in exchange for fixed rate interest payments over the life of the agreement without an exchange of the underlying principal amount. The differential to be paid or received is accrued as interest rates change and recognized as an adjustment to interest expense related to the debt. The related amount payable to or receivable from counter parties is included in other assets or liabilities. At March 31, 2005, the market value of the interest rate swap was in an unfavorable value position of \$24,000 and was recorded as a liability. During the three months ended March 31, 2005, we recorded a gain on the interest rate swap of \$17,000 that offset other comprehensive loss in the Statement of Stockholders' Equity.

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PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

PART T. TTEM 3

We are exposed to certain market risks arising from adverse changes in interest rates, primarily due to the potential effect of such changes on our variable rate loan arrangements with PNC. We entered into an interest rate swap agreement to modify the interest characteristics of \$3,500,000 of its \$7,000,000 term loan with PNC Bank, from a floating rate basis to a fixed rate, thus reducing the impact of interest rate changes on this portion of the debt.

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PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

PART 1, ITEM 4

(a) Evaluation of disclosure, controls, and procedures.

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management. Based on their most recent evaluation, which was completed as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we have evaluated, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) and believe that such are not effective, as a result of identifying three material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting, as reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004, (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)).

(b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting.

Effective January 1, 2005, we changed our payroll processing provider for all of our facilities. With this change, we now utilize a centralized payroll and human resources database which provides for corporate oversight on a real-time basis of all payroll related activities, and automatic benefit calculations on all employees.

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PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. PART II - Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

There are no additional material legal proceedings pending against us and/or our subsidiaries not previously reported by us in Item 3 of our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004, which is incorporated herein by reference, except for the following:

During February, 2005, the Company received a federal grand jury subpoena requesting documents "from the period of January 1, 2000, to the present concerning or relating to Wabash Environmental Technologies, LLC," ("Wabash"), an Indiana based entity that is not affiliated with the Company. The Company has been advised that the target of the grand jury investigation is Wabash and that neither the Company nor any subsidiary of the Company is a target of the investigation. The Company and any subsidiary that has documents concerning or relating to Wabash are compiling responsive documents and will be complying with the subpoena.

The Company is performing an extensive internal review as to whether the treatment, storage, processing and/or disposal of certain waste by its subsidiary, PFD, was in accordance with applicable environmental laws and regulations because it has identified a potential issue or issues with regard to its handling of said waste. Upon completion of the internal review, the Company will take any necessary and appropriate steps to report or otherwise address any issues arising from its handling of that certain particular waste.

Item 5. Other Information

We have recently discovered that our facility, PFD had inadvertently received high level PCB contaminated oil, at a level greater than PFD is permitted to accept, and have notified regulators of the incident. We are currently investigating the extent of contamination and our disposal options. The cost of disposal of this PCB contaminated oil has not yet been determined.

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Item 6. Exhibits

- (a) Exhibits
- 4.1 Amendment No. 4 to Revolving Credit, Term Loan, and Security Agreement, dated as of March 25, 2005, between the Company and PNC Bank, as incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.12 to the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004.
- 10.1 Perma-Fix Environmental Services, Inc. 2005 Compensation Plan for the Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, and President.
- 10.2 Perma-Fix Environmental Services, Inc. 2005 Compensation Plan for the Vice President, Chief Financial Officer.
- 10.3 Perma-Fix Environmental Services, Inc. 2005 Compensation Plan for the President Nuclear
- 10.4 Perma-Fix Environmental Services, Inc. 2005 Compensation Plan for the President Industrial
- 31.1 Certification by Dr. Louis F. Centofanti, Chief Executive Officer of the Company pursuant to Rule 13a-14 (a) or 15d-14 (a).
- 31.2 Certification by Richard T. Kelecy, Chief Financial Officer of the Company pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a).
- 32.1 Certification by Dr. Louis F. Centofanti, Chief Executive Officer of the Company furnished pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
- 32.2 Certification by Richard T. Kelecy, Chief Financial Officer of the Company furnished pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, hereunto duly authorized.

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

Date: May 9, 2005 By: /s/ Dr. Louis F. Centofanti

Dr. Louis F. Centofanti Chairman of the Board Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 9, 2005 By: /s/ Richard T. Kelecy

Richard T. Kelecy

Chief Financial Officer

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 2005 - Compensation Plan

CHAIRMAN, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND PRESIDENT

Effective: January 1, 2005

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 2005 - Compensation Plan

CHAIRMAN, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND PRESIDENT

PURPOSE: To define the compensation plan for the Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President.

SCOPE: Perma-Fix Environmental Services, Inc.

POLICY: The Compensation Plan is designed to retain, motivate and reward the incumbent to support and achieve the business, operating and financial objectives of Perma-Fix Environmental Services, Inc.

BASE SALARY: The Base Salary noted in Schedule A. is paid in equal periodic installments per the regularly scheduled payroll.

PERFORMANCE INCENTIVE COMPENSATION: Performance Incentive Compensation is available based on the Company's financial results noted in Schedule A. Eligible quarterly performance incentive compensation is payable in the second pay period of the month following each calendar year quarter and annual performance incentive pay is payable in the second pay period of the month following the close of the company's financial books.

SEPARATION: Upon voluntary or involuntary separation from the Company the employee will be paid the base salary due to the last day of employment. If employment is separated prior to a regularly scheduled quarterly or annual incentive compensation payment period as noted above, no incentive compensation is due to the incumbent.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT: No Base Salary or Performance Incentive Compensation of any type will be provided until the Human Resources Department has received a signed acknowledgement of receipt of the Compensation Plan.

INTERPRETATIONS: The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors retains the right to modify, change or terminate the Compensation at any time and for any reason. It also reserves the right to determine the final interpretation of any provision contained in the Compensation Plan. While the plan is intended to represent all situations and circumstances some issues may not easily be addressed. The Compensation Committee will endeavor to review all standard and non-standard issues related to the Compensation Plan and will provide quick interpretations that are in the best interest of the Company, its shareholders and the incumbent.

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 2005 - Compensation Plan

SCHEDULE A.

The compensation for the below named individual as follows:

Annualized Base Pay:	\$225,000
Performance Incentive Compensation Target (at 100% of Plan):	\$112,500
Total Annual Target Compensation (at 100% of Plan):	\$337,500

The Performance Incentive Compensation is defined as a cash pay program funded from revenue and is payable only after the Company meets a minimum threshold of 85% of its budgeted EBITDA, including Performance Incentive Compensation accrual targets during the course of the year. When the Performance Incentive Compensation Plan is funded, the employee is eligible to receive quarterly and annual Incentive Compensation based on the achievement of Financial objectives noted below.

QUARTERLY INCENTIVE COMPENSATION:

Represents 40% of the Total Performance Incentive Compensation target. The total eligible Quarterly Incentive Compensation spread over four (4) quarters for performance at 100% of year-to-date plan is \$45,000. Corporate financial and non-financial targets are cumulative from quarter to quarter with eligible incentive pay based on the table below.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

Performance Target Thresholds (Actual versus Plan)

	(modaar vordad riam)							
		90%	101%	121%	131%	141%	151%	
		100%	120%	130%	- 140%	- 150%	- 160%	161% Plus
	Target Weight			150%	140%	150%		
Targets (Cumulative)		Per Quarter Incentive Pay Target						
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Revenue	15%	\$1,688	\$2,025	\$2,194	\$2 , 363	\$2,531	\$2,700	\$2 , 953
EPS	55%	\$6,188	\$7,425	\$8,044	\$8,663	\$9,281	\$9,900	\$10,828
Health & Safety	15%	\$1,688	\$2,025	\$2,194	\$2,363	\$2,531	\$2,700	\$2 , 953
Permit & License Violations								

 15% | \$1,688 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 2005 - Compensation Plan

CHAIRMAN, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND PRESIDENT

- Revenue is defined as the percentage of the top-line budget achieved for existing segment services and where feasible, the identification and generation of new revenue from non-traditional revenue sources in the quarter.
- o Health and Safety is defined as the percentage reduction of actual Reportable Worker's Compensation Accidents for the Corporation in the quarter versus the prior year's quarterly average of Reportable Worker's Compensation Accidents. (See attached Addendum)
- o Permit and License Violations is defined as no major Permit or License Violations for the Corporation in the quarter.

ANNUAL INCENTIVE COMPENSATION:

Represents 60% of the Total Performance Incentive Compensation target. The corporate annual financial targets and year-end incentive compensation at 100% of plan is \$67,500 and payable based on the table below.

<TABLE>

Performance Target Thresholds (Actual versus Plan)

		(ACCUAI VEISUS PIAN)							
		90%	101%	121%	131%	141%	151%	161%	
		100%	120%	130%	140%	150%	160%	Plus	
Targets (Cumulative)	Target Weight	Per Quarter Incentive Pay Target							
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	
Revenue	15%	\$10,125	\$12,150	\$13,163	\$14,175	\$15,188	\$16,200	\$17 , 719	
EPS	55%	\$37,125	\$44,550	\$48,263	\$51 , 975	\$55 , 688	\$59,400	\$64,969	
Health & Safety	15%	\$10,125	\$12,150	\$13,163	\$14,175	\$15,188	\$16,200	\$17 , 719	
Permit or License Violations									

 15% | \$10,125 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 2005 - Compensation Plan

CHAIRMAN, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND PRESIDENT

- o Revenue is the percentage of the top-line budget achieved for existing segment services and where feasible, the identification and generation of new revenue from non-traditional revenue sources in the year.
- o Health and Safety is the percentage reduction of the total actual Reportable Worker's Compensation Accidents for the Corporation for the year compared to the prior year's total Reportable Worker's

Compensation Accidents.

o $$\operatorname{\textsc{Permit}}$$ and License Violations is defined as no major Permit or License Violations for the Corporation in the year.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT:

I acknowledge receipt of the aforementioned Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President 2005 - Compensation Plan. I have read and understand and accept employment under the terms and conditions set forth therein.

_ _____ _ _____

/S/ Dr. Louis Centofanti Date

- -----

/S/ Board of Directors Date

FORWARD SIGNED FORM TO: Perma-Fix Environmental Services, Inc.

c/o Board of Directors 1940 N.W. 67th Place, Suite A

Gainesville, FL 32653

Exhibit 10.2

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 2005 - Compensation Plan

VICE PRESIDENT, CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Effective: January 1, 2005

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 2005 - Compensation Plan

VICE PRESIDENT, CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

PURPOSE: To define the compensation plan for the Vice President, Chief Financial Officer.

SCOPE: Perma-Fix Environmental Services, Inc.

POLICY: The Vice President, Chief Financial Officer Compensation Plan is designed to retain, motivate and reward the incumbent to support and achieve the business, operating and financial objectives of Perma-Fix Environmental Services, Inc.

BASE SALARY: The Base Salary noted in Schedule A. is paid in equal periodic installments per the regularly scheduled payroll.

PERFORMANCE INCENTIVE COMPENSATION: Performance Incentive Compensation is available based on the Company's financial results noted in Schedule A. Eligible quarterly performance incentive compensation is payable in the second pay period of the month following each calendar year quarter and annual incentive compensation is payable in the second pay period of the month following the close of the company's financial books.

SEPARATION: Upon voluntary or involuntary separation from the Company the employee will be paid the base salary due to the last day of employment. If employment is separated prior to a regularly scheduled quarterly or annual incentive compensation payment period as noted above, no incentive compensation is due to the incumbent.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT: No Base Salary or Performance Incentive Compensation of any type will be provided until the Human Resources Department has received a signed acknowledgement of receipt of the Compensation Plan.

INTERPRETATIONS: The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors retains the right to modify, change or terminate the Compensation at any time and for any reason. It also reserves the right to determine the final interpretation of any provision contained in the Compensation Plan. While the plan is intended to represent all situations and circumstances some issues may not easily be addressed. The Compensation Committee will endeavor to review all standard and non-standard issues related to the Compensation Plan and will provide quick interpretations that are in the best interest of the Company, its shareholders and the incumbent.

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 2005 - Compensation Plan

SCHEDULE A.

The compensation for the below named individual as follows:

Annualized Base Pay: \$182,000
Performance Incentive Compensation Target (at 100% of Plan): \$50,000
Total Annual Target Compensation (at 100% of Plan): \$232,000

The Performance Incentive Compensation is defined as a cash pay program funded from revenue and is payable only after the Company meets a minimum threshold of 85% of its budgeted EBITDA, including Performance Incentive Compensation accrual targets during the course of the year. When the Performance Incentive Compensation Plan is funded, the employee is eligible to receive quarterly and annual Incentive Compensation is based on the achievement of corporate Financial and Non-Financial objectives noted below.

QUARTERLY INCENTIVE COMPENSATION:

Represents 40% of the Total Performance Incentive Compensation target. The total eligible Quarterly Incentive Compensation spread over four (4) quarters for

performance at 100% of year-to-date plan is \$20,000. Corporate Financial and Non-Financial targets are cumulative from quarter to quarter with eligible incentive pay based on the table below.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

Performance Target Thresholds (Actual versus Plan)

	(Actual Versus Flan)							
		90%	101%	121%	131%	141%	151%	
		-	_	-	_	-	-	161%
		100%	120%	130%	140%	150%	160%	Plus
Targets (Cumulative)	Target Weight	Weight Per Quarter Incentive Pay Target						
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
EPS	15%	\$750	\$900	\$975	\$1,050	\$1,125	\$1,200	\$1,313
Free Cash Flow	25%	\$1,250	\$1,500	\$1,625	\$1,750	\$1 , 875	\$2,000	\$2,188
Financial Statements	45%	\$2,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
SEC Compliance	15%	\$750	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

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PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 2005 - Compensation Plan

- Free Cash Flow (net income plus depreciation and amortization, less 0 capital expenditures and the net change in working capital) in the quarter.
- Financial Statements is the complete, accurate and timely completion 0 of all financial statements in the quarter.
- SEC Compliance is defined as meeting all applicable securities rules and regulations in the quarter.

ANNUAL INCENTIVE COMPENSATION:

Represents 60% of the Total Performance Incentive Compensation target. The corporate annual Financial targets and year-end incentive compensation at 100% of plan is \$30,000 and payable based on the table below.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

Performance Target Thresholds (Actual versus Plan)

		90%	101%	121%	131%	141%	151%	
		-	_	-	_	-	-	161%
		100%	120%	130%	140%	150%	160%	Plus
Targets (Cumulative)	Target Weight		Per	Quarter	Incentive	Pay Target	:	
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
EPS	15%	\$4,500	\$5,400	\$5 , 850	\$6,300	\$6 , 750	\$7,200	\$7 , 875
Free Cash Flow	25%	\$7 , 500	\$9,000	\$9,750	\$10,500	\$11,250	\$12,000	\$13,125
Financial Statements	45%	\$13,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
SEC Compliance	15%	\$4,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\/IADLE/								

- Free Cash Flow (net income plus depreciation and amortization, less 0 capital expenditures and the net change in working capital) for the fiscal year.
- Financial Statements is the complete, accurate and timely completion of all financial statements for the fiscal year.
- SEC Compliance is defined as meeting all applicable securities rules and regulations for the fiscal year.

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 2005 - Compensation Plan

ACKNOWLEDGMENT:

I acknowledge receipt of the aforementioned Vice President, Chief Financial Officer 2005 - Compensation Plan. I have read and understand and accept employment under the terms and conditions set forth therein.

Date

Date

/S/ Dr. Louis Centofanti

FORWARD SIGNED FORM TO:

Perma-Fix Environmental Services, Inc. c/o Dr. Louis Centofanti 1940 N.W. 67th Place, Suite A Gainesville, FL 32653

Exhibit 10.3

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 2005 - Compensation Plan

PRESIDENT - NUCLEAR

Effective: January 1, 2005

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 2005 - Compensation Plan

PRESIDENT - NUCLEAR

PURPOSE: To define the compensation plan for the President - Nuclear Segment.

SCOPE: Perma-Fix Environmental Services, Inc.

POLICY: The President - Nuclear Segment Compensation Plan is designed to retain, motivate and reward the incumbent to support and achieve the business, operating and financial objectives of the Nuclear business unit and Perma-Fix Environmental Services, Inc.

BASE SALARY: The Base Salary noted in Schedule A. is paid in equal periodic installments per the regularly scheduled payroll.

PERFORMANCE INCENTIVE COMPENSATION: Performance Incentive Compensation is available based on the Nuclear Segment's Financial and Non-Financial results noted in Schedule A. Eligible quarterly performance incentive compensation is payable in the second pay period of the month following each calendar year quarter and annual performance incentive pay is payable in the second pay period of the month following the close of the company's financial books.

SEPARATION: Upon voluntary or involuntary separation from the Company, the employee will be paid the base salary due to the last day of employment. If employment is separated prior to a regularly scheduled quarterly or annual incentive compensation payment period as noted above, no incentive compensation is due to the incumbent.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT: No Base Salary or Performance Incentive Compensation of any type will be provided until the Human Resources Department has received a signed acknowledgement of receipt of the Compensation Plan.

INTERPRETATIONS: The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors retains the right to modify, change or terminate the Compensation Plan at any time and for any reason. It also reserves the right to determine the final interpretation of any provision contained in the Compensation Plan. While the plan is intended to represent all situations and circumstances some issues may not easily be addressed. The Compensation Committee will endeavor to review all standard and non-standard issues related to the Compensation Plan and will provide quick interpretations that are in the best interest of the Company, its shareholders and the incumbent.

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 2005 - Compensation Plan

SCHEDULE A.

The compensation for the below named individual as follows:

Annualized Base Pay:	\$185,000
Performance Incentive Compensation Target (at 100% of Plan):	\$ 50,000
Total Annual Target Compensation (at 100% of Plan):	\$235,000

The Performance Incentive Compensation is defined as a cash pay program funded from revenue and is payable only after the Nuclear Segment meets a minimum threshold of 85% of its budgeted EBITDA, including Performance Incentive Compensation accrual targets during the course of the year. When the Performance Incentive Compensation Plan is funded, the employee is eligible to receive quarterly and annual Incentive Compensation based on the achievement of the Nuclear Segment's Financial and Non-Financial objectives noted below.

Represents 40% of the Total Performance Incentive Compensation target. The total eligible Quarterly Incentive Compensation spread over four (4) quarters for performance at 100% of year-to-date plan is \$20,000. The Nuclear Segment's Financial and Non-Financial targets are cumulative from quarter to quarter with eligible incentive pay based on the table below.

<TABLE>

Performance Target Thresholds (Actual versus Plan)

	(Actual Versus France								
		90%	101%	121%	131% -	141%	151%	161%	
		100%	120%	130%	140%	150%	160%	Plus	
Targets (Cumulative)	Target Weight	Per Quarter Incentive Pay Target							
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	
Revenue	15%	\$750	\$900	\$975	\$1,050	\$1,125	\$1,200	\$1,313	
Operating Profit	55%	\$2 , 750	\$3,300	\$3 , 575	\$3 , 850	\$4,125	\$4,400	\$4,813	
Health & Safety	15%	\$750	\$900	\$975	\$1,050	\$1,125	\$1,200	\$1,313	
Permit and License Violations									

 15% | \$750 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 2005 - Compensation Plan

- o Revenue is the percentage of the top-line budget achieved for existing segment services and where feasible, the identification and generation of new revenue from non-traditional revenue sources in the quarter.
- o Health and Safety is the percentage reduction of actual Reportable Worker's Compensation Accidents for the Nuclear Segment in the quarter versus the prior year's quarterly average of Reportable Worker's Compensation Accidents.
- o $$\operatorname{\textsc{Permit}}$$ and License Violations is defined as no major Permit or License Violations for the Nuclear Segment in the quarter.

ANNUAL INCENTIVE COMPENSATION:

Represents 60% of the Total Performance Incentive Compensation target. The Nuclear Segment's annual Financial targets and year-end incentive compensation at 100% of plan is \$30,000 payable based on the schedule below.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

Performance Target Thresholds (Actual versus Plan)

		(Actual versus Plan)						
		90%	101%	121%	131%	141%	 151%	
		_	-	_	-	_	-	161%
		100%	120%	130%	140%	150%	160%	Plus
Targets (Cumulative)	Target Weight	ight Per Quarter Incentive Pay Target						
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Revenue	15%	\$4,500	\$5,400	\$5 , 850	\$6,300	\$6 , 750	\$7,200	\$7 , 875
Operating Profit	55%	\$16,500	\$19,800	\$21,450	\$23,100	\$24,750	\$26,400	\$28 , 875
Health & Safety	15%	\$4,500	\$5,400	\$5,850	\$6,300	\$6,750	\$7,200	\$7 , 875
Permit and License Violations								

 15% | \$4,500 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 2005 - Compensation Plan

- o Revenue is the percentage of the top-line budget achieved for existing segment services and where feasible, the identification and generation of new revenue from non-traditional revenue sources in the year.
- o Health and Safety is the percentage reduction of the total actual Reportable Worker's Compensation Accidents for the Nuclear Segment for the year compared to the prior year's total Reportable Worker's Compensation Accidents.
- o Permit and License Violations is defined as no major Permit or License Violations for the Nuclear Segment in the year.

${\tt ACKNOWLEDGMENT:}$

I acknowledge receipt of the aforementioned President - Nuclear 2005 - Compensation Plan. I have read and understand and accept employment under the

terms and conditions set forth therein.

- ---- Date _____

/S/ Larry McNamara

_____ Date

/S/ Dr. Louis Centofanti

Perma-Fix Environmental Services, Inc. FORWARD SIGNED FORM TO:

c/o Dr. Louis Centofanti 1940 N.W. 67th Place, Suite A Gainesville, FL 32653

Exhibit 10.4

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 2005 - Compensation Plan

PRESIDENT - INDUSTRIAL

Effective: January 1, 2005

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 2005 - Compensation Plan

PRESIDENT - INDUSTRIAL

PURPOSE: To define the compensation plan for the President - Industrial Segment.

SCOPE: Perma-Fix Environmental Services, Inc.

POLICY: The President - Industrial Compensation Plan is designed to retain, motivate and reward the incumbent to support and achieve the business, operating and financial objectives of Industrial Segment and Perma-Fix Environmental Services. Inc.

BASE SALARY: The Base Salary noted in Schedule A. is paid in equal periodic installments per the regularly scheduled payroll.

PERFORMANCE INCENTIVE COMPENSATION: Performance Incentive Compensation is available based on the Industrial Segment results noted in Schedule A. Eligible quarterly performance incentive compensation is payable in the second pay period of the month following each fiscal year quarter and annual performance incentive pay is payable in the second pay period of the month following the close of the Company's financial books.

SEPARATION: Upon voluntary or involuntary separation from the Company the employee will be paid the base salary due to the last day of employment. If employment is separated prior to a regularly scheduled quarterly or annual incentive compensation payment period as noted above, no incentive compensation is due to the incumbent.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT: No Base Salary or Performance Incentive Compensation of any type will be provided until the Human Resources Department has received a signed acknowledgement of receipt of the Compensation Plan from the incumbent.

INTERPRETATIONS: The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors retains the right to modify, change or terminate the Compensation at any time and for any reason. It also reserves the right to determine the final interpretation of any provision contained in the Compensation Plan. While the plan is intended to represent all situations and circumstances some issues may not easily be addressed. The Compensation Committee will endeavor to review all standard and non-standard issues related to the Compensation Plan and will provide quick interpretations that are in the best interest of the Company, its shareholders and the incumbent.

SCHEDULE A.

The compensation for the below named individual as follows:

Annualized Base Pay: \$180,000
Performance Incentive Compensation Target (at 100% of Plan): \$50,000
Total Annual Target Compensation (at 100% of Plan): \$230,000

The Performance Incentive Compensation is defined as a cash pay program funded from revenue and is payable only after the Industrial Segment meets a minimum threshold of 85% of its budgeted EBITDA, including Performance Incentive Compensation accrual targets during the course of the year. When the Performance Incentive Compensation Plan is funded, the employee is eligible to receive quarterly and annual Incentive Compensation based on the achievement of the Industrial Segment's Financial and Non-Financial objectives noted below.

QUARTERLY INCENTIVE COMPENSATION:

Represents 40% of the Total Performance Incentive Compensation target. The total eligible Quarterly Incentive Compensation spread over four (4) quarters for performance at 100% of year-to-date plan is \$20,000. The Industrial Segment's

Financial and Non-Financial targets are cumulative from quarter to quarter with eligible incentive pay based on the table below.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

Performance Target Thresholds (Actual versus Plan)

		(Actual versus Plan)							
		90%	101%	121%	131%	141%	151%		
		-	-	-	-	-	-	161%	
		100%	120%	130%	140%	150%	160%	Plus	
Targets (Cumulative)	Target Weight	Per Quarter Incentive Pay Target							
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	
Revenue	15%	\$750	\$900	\$975	\$1,050	\$1 , 125	\$1,200	\$1,313	
Operating Profit	55%	\$2 , 750	\$3,300	\$3 , 575	\$3 , 850	\$4,125	\$4,400	\$4,813	
Health & Safety	15%	\$750	\$900	\$975	\$1,050	\$1,125	\$1,200	\$1,313	
Permit and License Violations									

 15% | \$750 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 2005 - Compensation Plan

- o Revenue is the percentage of the top-line budget achieved for existing segment services and where feasible, the identification and generation of new revenue from non-traditional revenue sources in the quarter.
- O Health and Safety is the percentage reduction of actual Reportable Worker's Compensation Accidents for the Industrial Segment in the quarter versus the prior year's quarterly average of Reportable Worker's Compensation Accidents.
- o Permit and License Violations is defined as no major Permit or License Violations for the Industrial Segment in the quarter.

ANNUAL INCENTIVE COMPENSATION:

Represents 60% of the Total Performance Incentive Compensation target. The annual Industrial Segment Financial and Non-Financial targets and year-end incentive compensation at 100% of plan is \$30,000 payable based on the table below.

<TABLE>

Performance Target Thresholds (Actual versus Plan)

				(ACCUAI	(Actual Versus Flam)			
		90%	101%	121% -	131%	141%	151% -	161%
		100%	120%	130%	140%	150%	160%	Plus
Targets (Cumulative)	Target Weight	Per Quarter Incentive Pay Target						
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Revenue	15%	\$4,500	\$5,400	\$5 , 850	\$6,300	\$6 , 750	\$7,200	\$7 , 875
Operating Profit	55%	\$16,500	\$19,800	\$21,450	\$23,100	\$24,750	\$26,400	\$28 , 875
Health & Safety	15%	\$4,500	\$5,400	\$5 , 850	\$6,300	\$6 , 750	\$7,200	\$7 , 875
Permit and License Violations								

 15% | \$4,500 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |

- o Revenue is the percentage of the top-line budget achieved for existing segment services and where feasible, the identification and generation of new revenue from non-traditional revenue sources in the year.
- o Health and Safety is the percentage reduction of the total actual Reportable Worker's Compensation Accidents for the Industrial Segment for the year compared to the prior year's total Reportable Worker's Compensation Accidents.

PERMA-FIX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. 2005 - Compensation Plan

o Permit and License Violations is defined as no major Permit or License Violations for the Industrial Segment in the year.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT:

I acknowledge receipt of the aforementioned President - Industrial 2005 - Compensation Plan. I have read and understand and accept employment under the terms and conditions set forth therein.

/S/ Timothy Keegan	Date
/S/ Dr. Louis Centofanti	Date

Perma-Fix Environmental Services, Inc. c/o Dr. Louis Centofanti 1940 N.W. 67th Place, Suite A Gainesville, FL 32653 FORWARD SIGNED FORM TO:

EXHIBIT 31.1

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Louis F. Centofanti, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Perma-Fix Environmental Services, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of the internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the

design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 9, 2005

/s/ Louis F. Centofanti

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Louis F. Centofanti Chairman of the Board Chief Executive Officer

EXHIBIT 31.2

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Richard T. Kelecy, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Perma-Fix Environmental Services, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of the internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the

design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 9, 2005

/s/ Richard T. Kelecy

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Richard T. Kelecy Chief Financial Officer

EXHIBIT 32.1

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,

AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Perma-Fix Environmental Services, Inc. ("PESI") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2005 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Form 10-Q"), I Dr. Louis F. Centofanti, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss.1350, as adopted pursuant to ss.906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Form 10-Q fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. ss.78m or ss.78o(d)); and
- (2) The information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: May 9, 2005

/s/ Louis F. Centofanti

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Dr. Louis F. Centofanti President and Chief Executive Officer

This certification is furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission solely for purpose of 18 U.S.C. ss.1350 subject to the knowledge standard contained therein, and not for any other purpose.

EXHIBIT 32.2

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,

AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Perma-Fix Environmental Services, Inc. ("PESI") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2005 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Form 10-Q"), I Richard T. Kelecy, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss.1350, as adopted pursuant to ss.906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Form 10-Q fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. ss.78m or ss.78o(d)); and
- (2) The information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: May 9, 2005

/s/ Richard T. Kelecy

- -----

Richard T. Kelecy Chief Financial Officer

This certification is furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission solely for purpose of 18 U.S.C. ss.1350 subject to the knowledge standard contained therein, and not for any other purpose.